The People's Press.

VOL. XVIII. SALEM, N. C., OCTOBER 21, 1870. NO. 41.

The People's Press.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Terms:—Cash in advance.

One copy, one year,.....$2 00
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POETRY.

I Remember, I Remember.

BY THOMAS HOOD.

I remember, I remember
The house where I was born,
The little window where the sun
Came peeping in at morn;
He never came a wink too soon,
Nor brought too long a day;
But now, I often wish the night
Had borne my breath away!

I remember, I remember
The roses, red and white,
The violets and the lily-cups—
Those flowers made of light!
The lilacs where the robin built,
And where my brother set
The laburnum on his birthday—
The tree is living yet!

I remember, I remember
Where I was used to swing,
And thought the air must rush as fresh
To swallows on the wing;
My spirit flew in feathers then,
That is so heavy now,
And summer pools could hardly cool
The fever on my brow!

I remember, I remember
The fir trees, dark and high;
I used to think their slender tops
Were close against the sky.
It was a childish ignorance,
But now 'tis little joy
To know I'm further off from heaven
Than when I was a boy.

Select Miscellany.

JANET'S FORTUNE.

'And when I die I shall leave it to the one who will use it to the best advantage,' said Grandma Leeds, smiling from behind her spectacles to the young girls around her.

'Your fortune, grandma? What will it be? That old basket, with its horrid yarn and needles and the never-ending work? If so, you need not leave it with me. Janet will use it to better advantage than I could.'

'Yes, Lettie, you are right, and I don't want it either. Hem! what a fortune to be sure!'

'I'll accept it, grandma, and prize it, if you will only add your sweet, contented disposition. It would be a fortune which none of us need despise.'

Janet Leeds was the youngest of the family, and the plainest. She had a sweet, fresh face, and tender eyes; but these paled into ugliness before Lettie's black orbs and shining curls, and the blonde loveliness of belle Margaret; so she settled back like a modest violet in the chimney corner, and waited on grandma, or assisted the maid in the housework.

Once in a while she ventured out to a party in the village, but so seldom that people never observed her, which made it unpleasant, and she stayed at home still closer.

But on that morning, while they sat chatting with grandma, she felt a real discontent for the first time in months.

Clara Bosworth, her bosom friend, was to give a party that evening, and she could not go. For weeks preparations had been going on in their quiet little family. She had given up the money saved for a new winter cloak, that Lettie's green silk might be retrimmed for the occasion, and the best dress she had in the world was a plain garnet-colored poplin, with black velvet trimmings.

She had faintly suggested that she might wear that, but the cry of dismay from her sisters silenced her.

'Go and wear that old poplin,' cried Lettie, from the clouds of white billowy lace that was to adorn the green silk, 'you must be crazy.'

'I should think so,' chimed Margaret, who was fitting a lace berthe over the waist of the delicate lilac satin. 'Do you want Austin Bosworth to think us a family of paupers. It is to be a grand affair, and Clara expects all who honor it with their presence, to pay her respect enough to dress respectably. It is Austin's first appearance after his European tour, and surely you do not want him to think meanly of us.'

The tears came up, but Janet was brave and no one saw them.

That night when the two girls—the one in her dark beauty and wonderfully becoming array, the other all delicacy, her fair, pearl loveliness enhanced by the pale purple color of her splendid dress—came laughing in grandma's room, a little shadow darkened her face, and she found it very hard to keep back the tears.

'Fine feathers make fine birds, but fine birds do not sing the sweetest, Janie,' said Grandma, after they were gone. 'I know who is the true one in this family. I know my little singing bird, Janie, and she is dearer than a dozen fine ladies. Austin and Clara will come to-morrow, and he will tell us all about his travels in foreign lands, and you will be far happier than you would up at the house to-night amid the dancing and confusion.'

'I suppose so, grandma,' and Janet took her seat by the fire and went on knitting, with a peaceful face.

The eldest sister came home with rumpled plumage, but in high spirits. Austin Bosworth had returned, a handsome, polished gentleman, and had flirted desperately with Lettie.

'Why, Grandma, he almost proposed to her!' laughed Margaret, who was engaged to Judge Leonard's hopeful son, and, therefore, had no place for jealousy. 'More than one of the company predicted that it would be a match.'

'Don't count your chickens before they are hatched,' called grandma from her pillow. 'Austin Bosworth is no fool. I can tell you.'

'What an old croaker!'

They were entering their chamber across the hall, but grandma's ears were not dulled by her age, and she clearly heard.

'Don't mind them, grandma,' whispered Janet, who had waited to help them lay aside their finery.

'Mind them! Do you think I shall, Janet Leeds?'

Next day Austin Bosworth came. He was too familiar with the old house to stop for bell-ringing, and he entered, crossing the hall directly past the parlor door, where Margaret and Lettie waited in their tasteful afternoon costumes, and walked straight on to Grandma Leeds' room.

She was there with her work, her placid face beaming beneath her lace-bordered cap.

A graceful, girlish figure half knelt beside her, wreathing with deft fingers a bunch of evergreens into a frame for a mantel ornament, and her eyes were lifted smilingly to the old lady's face.

He entered and closed the door before either saw him.

'Grandma Leeds!'

'Why, bless my heart, it is Austin! Come here, my boy!'

And the fine gentleman came and gave both hands to her in his delight.

'Janie, my little playmate, too! What a happy meeting! Clara came down dressed for a call, and declared she would come, but I told her no! I knew the amount of gallantry I should feel obliged to use, and I preferred that my first visit should be like my old ones.'

'You are right. We are better pleased to have it so—are we not, Janet?'

His call lengthened itself into hours, and during the time he told pleasant stories and chatted like the boy of bygone days, but not once did Margaret's or Lettie's name pass his lips.

When he went away he met them coming with disappointed faces from the parlor, where they had been waiting for him; but he only lifted his hat and passed out. Then grandma and Janie received a severe scolding, such as only those two knew how to give, and the shadows of discontent again fell on Janet's spirit.

Ah, that long, cheerless winter! What story Janet could tell you of disappointments, of happy parties of which she had no share, of moonlight rides, of joy and of merriment. She had only that one comforter, kind, patient grandma; for now that Austin Bosworth had come, the way was harder than before.

He had come and escorted Lettie to parties, and sometimes chatted with grandma, but nothing more—she did not catch the good-natured smiles he gave her from the sleigh as he rode away—and Lettie never told how often he asked for her.

Alone with grandma, Janet wished for better things, and wondered why she was so harshly dealt with.

At last even the society of her aged comforter was denied her, and in her bed the old lady gradually faded away. Day and night Janet sat beside her, with the knowledge that she was beyond all earthly help—waiting upon her, yielding to the childish whims, and shutting out everything youthful and beautiful from her sight.

'Playing household angel,' Margaret said.

'Working for grandma's fortune of old shoes and worsted stockings,' Lettie cruelly added.

'Doing her duty by the faithful woman who had taken the three motherless children into her heart, and filled the lost one's place so far as God permitted,' her own heart said, and she steadily worked on.

The first of May brought invitations to the last ball at the Bosworth house, and while the two elder sisters laid out their finery, Janet folded her tiny missive, and laid it away next to her heart, as a sacred bit of paper, bearing Austin's firm, broad chirography upon it.

That night grandma was very ill, and when Margaret and Lettie fluttered in with their gay dresses, Janet met them and almost forcibly put them out of the room.

'I beg you girls to have a little respect for poor grandma—she is very ill to-night.'

'Nonsense! Don't be a fool, Janet!—anybody would suppose she was dying.'

'I believe she is.'

Their reply came in a violent slam of the door, and Janet was left alone with her patient.

The hours dragged wearily and overcome by her long sleepless watches, Janet fell fast asleep.

Two hours later she awoke with a start, and in an instant she saw that dread change visible in grandma's face.

Like one in a dream she walked to her father's door, and awakened him.

'Father, grandma is worse—I believe her dying. You must go to Dr. Berne.—You will find him at the ball. Go quickly.'

She went back, and sat there wearily watching for something—for a sigh, a sound from the dying woman; but none came. Slowly but perceptibly the lines settled around the pleasant mouth, and the dark shadows settled over the placid face, but no sound issued from the pale lips.

Janet bent her head. There was a faint flutter—no more—and she clasped her hands. Would grandma die there before her eyes, and never speak a word?

She caught the cold hand in her own, and cried aloud:

'Grandma! speak to me! speak to your little Janet! Don't you hear me, grandma?'

But grandma heard nothing. The [illegible] lines of [illegible] settled down, and even as she knelt there her breath fled, and Janet was alone.

She understood it all when she arose, and she sank back half fainting in the arm chair, near the bed.

'Janet, my poor darling!'

She lifted her head. Austin Bosworth was leaning over her.

'My little girl! why did you not send word to me to-night, and let me share your sorrow?'

'You, Austin?'

'Yes; have I not—Ah, forgive me.—This is no time or place. I missed you as I have always missed you, but thought it was your own pleasure to stay at home. When your father came in with a white, frightened face, and whispered to Dr. Berne, I knew you were in trouble. I came at once, and, Janie, I shall not again leave you.'

She knew his meaning, and did not put him away when he held her close in his arms and drew her into the parlor.

Margaret and Lettie coming in with their faces horror stricken, saw him holding her in his arms, her tired head resting wearily upon his shoulder, and the proud Lettie said:

'Mr. Bosworth—I am surprised!'

'You need not be. This is my privilege now and forever.'

Three days after they gathered in that same parlor to hear grandma's last will and testament read. After some little directions, it said:

'And to my beloved grand-daughter, Janet Leeds, I bequeath the Holmes estate, together with my entire stock of furniture and money, amounting to ten thousand dollars.'

Janet's father smiled upon his astonished and crestfallen daughters.

'It was mother's whim. She never desired it to be known. Therefore you were ignorant of the fact that she had a dollar beyond the annuity I held for her.'

When six months later Austin and Janet were married, her elder sisters dared to say that he married her for her money. He knew better and so did I.

Some Features of a Jewish Sabbath.

Let us accompany a good orthodox Jewish family through their calm and cheerful Sabbath, and see how they keep it and enjoy it. I select an orthodox instead of a "reformed" merely because the orthodox Jew is an historical person; and he keeps his Sabbath as his fathers have kept it for many centuries. The Jewish Sabbath begins on Friday evening, half an hour before sunset, and ends on Saturday evening half an hour after sunset, or when a star is visible in the sky. On Friday, the day of preparation, the women and girls of the family are busy in providing for the morrow the best food of the week; for whatever is eaten or drunk during the sacred hours must be the very best the family can afford. Poor Jews will pinch all the week in order that their wives and children may have something delicate to eat on the Sabbath. But that savory food must be cooked or prepared for cooking before the Sabbath begins; for our Israelitish brethren observe with just strictness the law which gives rest on the Day of rest to their servants. They shame us in this particular. They will not use even their horses on their Sabbath. On a Sunday about 12 M., you may see in front of Dr. Adams' fashionable Presbyterian church in Madison Square, New York, or around Dr. Tyng's fashionable Episcopal church, in St. George's Square of the same city, from twenty to forty well appointed equipages waiting for the last hymn to be finished; but you will never see a vehicle before the superb Temple Immanuel, a Jewish synagogue in the Fifth avenue, although there many families within, who could ride home, if they were so disposed in their own carriages. I do not say that the Christians are wrong or that the Jews are right in this. It is no one's business but their own; but if we borrow the Hebrew's word "Sabbath," and adopt verbally their Sabbatical law, our practice perhaps ought to conform in some degree to our profession. It probably does not severely tax those coachmen and footmen to show off their gay turnouts and brilliant livery on a fine Sunday morning in 5th Avenue. But for the heavily laden drudges of the boarding-house kitchen, and the maid of all work in average families, I could wish we were all Jews from Saturday night till Monday morning. It is a dastardly shame to compel or permit women who have faithfully toiled for us from Monday's tub to Saturday's scrub to to work hard all through the best hours of Sunday that we may gorge ourselves with dainty food. The Jews avoid this barberous meanness. Their servants rest on the Sabbath.—*N. Y. Paper.*

AGRICULTURAL.

"Worn-Out" Farms and Plantations.

There is some good advice in the following from Josiah Clark, in the *Germantown Telegraph*:

There are four elements that go into the construction of every living thing both animal and vegetable; these elements are iron, lime, potash, and salt. Now it is evident to any thinking mind, if this be so and any one of these elements be lacking, feeble results follow; for instance, take a very large, big boned man, whose bone structure seems almost giant like, and depend mainly on lime for their structure, and let such a man be deficient in iron and he is deficient in strength. Though his bones be sufficiently large to constitute a giant, yet how often have we seen his heels thrown into the air by the quick movement of a strong, closely-built small man whose whole system was fully developed [illegible] the elements and in proper proportions to the full development of every part until it has fully matured and then leave out only a small part of one of the elements, and he soon ceases to be perfect; for instance, keep a man on wheat, with nothing taken from it, which in this state is one of the best articles of diet for development and preservation of both mental and physical powers in use; now change the diet and give him what is termed the best brand of flour, and you soon observe the difference both in mental and physical powers, for the reason that the greater portion of iron and potash is withheld.

As it is in the animal, so it is in the vegetable kingdom. Farmers use the same sized dung-cart, and haul to their corn and wheat fields the same number of loads their fathers did, but fail to realize half the crops they did. After repeated trials, they stop in despair, and wonder what can the matter be. They look to the sky, but fail to find any fault there. Some one tells them the forests are all cut away, and that consequently there is not so much dew as there used to be; but not being very scientific they can't see the point. Still standing in doubt, another comes along and tells them to add another plow to the beam, and get two more yoke of oxen and put in up to the beam. They finally think that must be what is needed, as the old surface has been plowed so long; and so, after much sweating and hard pulling they have succeeded in turning the old, black, good-for-nothing surface eighteen to twenty inches out of sight, and in its stead, have brought to the top a splendid light blue, and with the usual amount of manure plant their crops. The result is best known to those who have done likewise: they finally get mad and run away out West.

Now, then, let us consider the cause of the deterioration of their farms. We will look first at the barn; here, on the outside, below the eves, on the boards near the ground, is daguerreotyped the perfect form of a dung heap; but then what has that to do with the matter? Let us see: Through that hole just at the top of the picture, has passed all the solid, and but little if any of the liquid matter which has passed through the animals kept in that barn perhaps for a century. This is indeed an important discovery for an intelligent farmer in quest of a farm. He at once corresponds with the owner out West, and finally purchases it at a cost of a small fraction above the taxes on it. We ask him why he was such a simpleton as to purchase an old, worn out farm when he could have bought one in its virgin state. He invites us into his laboratory, and there answers the question by taking one pound of solid, and one of liquid excrement from animals, and take them apart, and proves, at least to our satisfaction, that there is about four times more salt and potash in the liquid than in the solid; we (having a vague idea of the requirements of vegetation) see the point at once.

Now let us watch this new owner and see what he does. There is a cellar under the whole barn almost as tight as a house cellar; he don't allow the sun to peep in, nor a draught of air to pass through: in place of the old holes in the side of the barn are windows; we find him in damp weather under the barn with doors open, forking over manure, and occasionally see him apply water to some. We ask the reason for that. The answer is, that it is getting too dry, and the manure should always be kept moist until applied to the soil. Now we find him plowing; we observe he is breaking up ten acres of wet and ten acres of dry soil; he plows the wet in dry windy weather, the dry in moist damp weather; we ask the reason for this discrimination, he only answers, "I desire a good crop the first time, and if the seed is good, and the season, I will get it." In ten or fifteen years the original owner returns (having exhausted his splendid virgin Western farm) to find his old farm in a grand condition, and the old barn once more full of sleek fat cattle.

MORAL.—Stay at home and stop abusing good Nature by returning all she gives you.

GOOD FOR FRUIT TREES.—Mr. Richard A. Rozzell, of this county, one of the most successful fruit-raisers that we know of, gives us the following remedy for fruit trees, whether diseased or not: About the full moon in February spread around the root of the tree to the depth of about four inches the refused bark from a tan yard, sprinkling a little salt and lime with it.—Mr. Rozzell assures us that this application will greatly benefit any fruit tree, whether it is diseased or not.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

To take the stain of any fruit from any fabric, put the garment in a vessel, pour boiling water over it, and let it stand till cool, then wash out, and the stain is gone.

Smut in Wheat.

George Orr, Secretary, writes from Licking, Mo., that there has been formed there a farmers' Club, and that at a late session the smut question came up. 'Now,' he continued, 'what we are at greatest loss to know is, what causes smut, and what is the best preventive? Touching the last point, we arrived at the following conclusions: First, secure good seed; second, soak with bluestone water; third, observe a proper rotation of crops; and, fourth, change the seed once every three or four years by procuring from a different soil. These precautions, we think, will at least partially prevent smut; but we would like to know the cause, if possible, and think that if the analysis of good and smut wheat were properly known, that the cause could be easily arrived at. We would feel very grateful to you for your opinion upon the subject."

Mr. Curtiss: Smut is a fungus, superinduced by the condition of the [illegible] and the soil, or one or all. Hence good seed is important, as a preventive, and a change of soil. If smut appears in a crop of wheat, I would not sow seed from it if other seed could be produced, nor would I succeed that crop with another of wheat, but grow my breadstuffs in another field. Soaking the seed in lime-water is said to kill the smut. It is a good practice, always, and during the operation the light seed and foul stuff rising on the top ought to be skimmed off. The seeds of smut are the spores of the fungus, which can be transmitted, and will grow in favorable circumstances just like chess or any other vegetable production. In answer to the question, what makes smut grow, I can only say the same Being who makes us all grow.

NEW COUNTERFEIT BANK NOTES.—Peterson's Counterfeit Director for last Saturday gives the following among the latest forgeries:

First National Bank, Philadelphia, Pa., ten, (second plate,) imitation; well done; some defects of the first plate have been corrected in this.

Third National Bank, Philadelphia, tens, the best engraved and most dangerous imitation yet issued; on the right end border, near the top of the note, opposite the large figure 10 in the lathe-work die, are the words 'National Currency,' in very small letters; on examination it will be seen that the last c in currency is omitted in this counterfeit, making it read 'curreny.'

Sixth National Bank Philad., twos; imitation, the engraving is scrutchy.

Consolidation National Bank, Philad., twenties raised from fives; alterations well done.

Farmers' National Bank of Reading, Pa., fives; imitations are reported in circulation. Look out for all Farmers' National Banks, as the town and State can be easily changed and printed from the same counterfeit plate.

THE CITY OF PARIS.—The City of Paris, situated between the confluence of the Marne, the Oise, and the Seine, in the midst of a wide plain, is divided into two unequal parts by the river, from 200 feet to 300 feet in breadth, which runs from east to west, forming an arc of a circle.—On the right bank of the Seine, the height of which is about eighty feet above the level of the sea, rise the hills of Montmartre, 394 feet in height; of Belleville, 311 feet in height; of Menilmoutant and of Charonne. On the left bank are the heights of Mont Valerien, 495 feet; of St. Cloud, 306 feet; of Sevres, Meudon and Issy. The Northern portion of Paris is the largest. Twenty-one bridges keep up the communications. The form of the city may be compared to an ellipse, somewhat flattened on the right side, the longer axis of which is about nine miles. According to the census of 1866, Paris has 1,825,274 inhabitants, and about 90,000 houses.

Bad thoughts are worse enemies than lions and tigers; for we can keep out of the way of wild beasts, but bad thoughts win their way everywhere. The cup that is full will hold no more; keep your hearts full of good thoughts, that bad thoughts may find no room to enter.

A Paris lady abruptly entered her kitchen the other day and saw the cook skimming the soup with a silver spoon. She said to her: "Francoise, I expressly forbade you to use the silver in the kitchen." "But, ma'am, this spoon was dirty!"

It is said that the man who won't take a paper because he can borrow one, has invented a machine by which he can cook his dinner by the smoke of his neighbor's chimney.

The guests of a hotel at Nashville, Tenn., were thrown into a state of intense excitement the other night, by the attempt of a lunatic to abduct a young lady to whom he had been engaged before overtaken with his sad misfortune. The lady was rescued and the madman secured.

The Supreme Court of the District of Columbia has decided that the reward of $20,000 offered by the city of Washington, in 1865, for the apprehension of the murderers of President Lincoln, is invalid, and need not be paid.

If you wish to increase the size and prominence of your eyes, just keep an account of the money you spend foolishly, and add it up at the end of the year.

The postmaster at Newberry, S. C., and A. M. Riser, has been arrested for robbing the mail.

GENERAL NEWS.

TERRIBLE EARTHQUAKE IN ASIA—MANY VILLAGES DESTROYED, AND THOUSANDS OF LIVES LOST—A MOUNTAIN DISAPPEARS, AND A NEW ONE IS UPHEAVED.

A correspondent of the London *Times* writes from India:

"The Roman Catholic Bishop at Bahna, on the confines of Thibet, China and Burmah, sends to India a terrible account of an earthquake in that region, affecting an area of one hundred and eighty by ninety miles. The event occurred on the 11th of April, and his last letter is dated the 20th of May. Considering that the missionaries there can communicate only by Shanghai, the transit of the letters has been rapid. Last year, it may be remembered, there was a very destructive earthquake in the, in one sense, adjoining British district of Cachar. A shock at five in the morning, and a stronger one at half-past seven, which leveled the whole town and killed or bruised half the population. The missionaries escaped to their garden, and only one of their servants perished. The large and splendid Lamaserai, inhabited by three thousand Lamas, fell with a crash.

"The Chinese official reports, which Dr. Chaveau tells us are a little exaggerated, estimate the loss of human life at 413 Lama priests, 57 soldiers, and 2,812 'common people.' A series of earthquake shocks were felt as far as Pungmion-tang, the place at which Mr. T. T. Cooper met Seer Suggut Sing, the Nepaulese ambassador, in 1868. The village and many others are destroyed, and so many of the authorities and soldiers have been buried under the ruins of their houses that 'robbers, like wild beasts, run everywhere.' To conclude, in the Bishop's own words, 'the imperial highway from Pekin to L'Hassa seems, and is said to be now, totally impracticable near Kong-dze-tin by the fall of a mountain and the sudden upheaving of a new one."

Forty young men and women at a boarding-house in St Louis, were poisoned the other day with arsenic that had been mixed for rats. It had accidentally got into the food. By the prompt use of the stomach pump, the lives of all were saved.

In Iowa, the other day, Mr. Joseph Cobb was united in marriage to Miss Kate Webb. We presume their offspring will be called *cobwebs*.

Mrs. E. A. Pollard, the wife of the "Lost Cause" man, and who recently visited Cobb's Island in company with Senator Pool and his family, has been sent to an insane asylum.

The increase in the sale of postage stamps this year over last, is about one million and a half of dollars.

John Allen, notorious some two years ago as the "wickedest man in New York" died recently at his father's farm at West Point in that State leaving a fortune of $100,000, all gained in nefarious traffic.

A new sort of cattle plague has appeared in parts of Illinois. The victims are seized with a stiffness of the joints, and shortly waste away.

A burning well has been "struck" on Wade Hampton's plantation in South Carolina. It has been burning steadily for more than two weeks. The Greenville *Republican* says that the gas, when bottled, burns readily, and has a sulphurous smell.

The steamer "Hornet," which was seized at Wilmington, N. C. some months ago, on suspicion of being about to evade the neutrality laws by fitting out with war materials for Cuba, was again seized at New York, on the 6th inst., on an identical charge.

The boiler of a saw-mill exploded near Richland, Indiana, killing and horribly mangling two men, fracturing the skull of a third, and crushing the leg of a fourth. Pieces of the boiler were thrown thirty feet, and fragments of the machinery from fifty to one hundred yards.

A Massachusetts fishing schooner is reported to have been seized last week by the British authorities in the Canadian waters, charged with violating the Fishery laws. Another fishery squabble on hand.

A man named Cassidy, living in New York, was thrown out of a third-story window, last week, by his own wife, and so badly injured that he died next day.

Two young men of Alexandria, Va., fought a duel with bowie knives last week and carved away at each other until friends stepped in and stopped the shocking exhibition. They must have been quite delicate in their touches, as neither was mortally hurt.

The Democrats carried Delaware at the election on the 4th inst., by from 2,500 to 3,000 majority, and this too, in spite of all the boastings as to what the negro vote was going to do for the radicals.

It is estimated that 300,000 persons have settled in Texas during the past year, and the present population will not fall short of 1,500,000.

Silas Sweetland, a gentleman eighty five years of age, walked into the Potomac at Washington the other night, and wound up his mortal career.

The present radical administration spends fifty seven and a half millions of dollars for war purposes in a time of peace. Who says this is not dangerous to our liberties, and disgraceful to a Republican form of government.

A young son of Mr. Geo. Keith, of Easton, Mass., while learning to smoke, a day or two since, set fire to his clothes and was burned to death.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1870.

GEO. WALTER SITES, -- EDITOR.

Any person procuring five new yearly subscribers, will be entitled to a sixth copy.

It is of no possible utility to discuss at this time, as some of our cotemporaries are doing, the various reasons which have co-operated to discourage and deter healthy immigration and *capital* from coming into our State, especially at a period when so much needed. They may be summed in a nutshell. So far as capital is concerned, it is powerful but constitutionally timid, and Providence, to counterbalance its exceeding timidity, has graciously endowed it with a vast amount of caution. Consequently, it will pitch its tents in no State where the governing power is not in accord with the virtue and intelligence of the people, but is destructive of financial confidence by its unblushing corruption and wanton extravagance. That, in a few words, is what has kept capital away from North Carolina. In States like our own, long and comparatively thickly settled, immigration follows capital; in new States and in the Territories, capital is more apt to [illegible] its timidity and caution, simply because from its timidity and caution, it wants the ground broken and something like an atmosphere of civilization to breathe, in places where it puts its feet.

It behooves our incoming Legislature to take away the reproach from the State, and act in a manner that will convince every one that it is in cordial alliance with the worth, wisdom and honesty of North Carolina. That will bring capital and immigration amongst us, but nothing else will. Under the government of the past two years, our capital has been rapidly going from us, and we dare say a considerable amount of it is in Europe to-day, with Mr. Woodfin chasing it from bush to bush, like a benighted man after a jack-o'-lantern.

Notwithstanding the Sheriffs throughout the State have been pouring thousands and tens of thousands of dollars into the State Treasury during the past few weeks, we opine that when the Legislature assembles the Treasury will be found to be empty or nearly so, the money recently turned in having been paid out to meet liabilities previously incurred by our radical taskmasters. No wonder the *Standard* has been howling for the Sheriffs to hurry up with their taxes. The men in power want to get hold of all the money they can, before the Legislature can have an opportunity to block their swindling game. Let the people remember that if the new Legislature is compelled to lay taxes to keep the wheels of government moving, it will be because the radicals have stolen the taxes of the present year to defray the expenses of their past prodigality.

The President, on the 13th inst., issued his proclamation, warning all persons within the territory of the United States against engaging in hostile enterprises against any power friendly to this government, and declaring that in such cases the laws will be rigorously executed. He says that organizing bodies to wage hostilities against these friendly powers, collecting monies to be used in carrying on military enterprises against them, accepting and exercising commissions to serve by land or sea, enlisting themselves, or other persons, in any such service, are all in violation of the laws of the United States. Such offenders will be prosecuted, and if convicted, need not rely upon the clemency of the President to escape the consequences.

It seems to us that this proclamation is a double edged sword, cutting all around. It stops assistance to both France and Prussia, and puts a veto upon all private aid which sympathizers may be disposed to extend to poor, little Cuba. Whether the bold and adventurous spirits of which this country has plenty, will pay any attention to it or not, is quite another matter. Past experience is not very assuring to the government, on that point.

Our valued cotemporary of the *Old North State* has received a letter from Mr. John H. Hardie, formerly of Salisbury, but now Clerk of Hamilton County Court, Tenn., in which he speaks confidently of the success of the Conservative cause in that State. He says that Gov. Brown, the Conservative candidate for Governor, will be elected by 50,000 majority, and that the Conservatives will elect six of the eight Congressmen. Bully for Tennessee! if she only does it now. Her present Congressional delegation is all radical.

Our Conservative cotemporaries in the eastern portion of the State appear to be well pleased with Judge W. J. Clarke, lately appointed to supply the bench of the 3rd District, vacated by Judge Thomas. They think the change is certainly for the better. Perhaps the Col. has at last found his vocation, and we trust he may adorn it. It will be difficult to forget his conduct during our late political and military troubles, but if he does well in his new sphere, asperities will wear gradually away until lost altogether.

The Recent Northern Elections.

The fall elections in the several States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, and Nebraska, are over, and the result is as we had anticipated in our issue of the 7th inst. Of them all, Indiana alone has been fully redeemed. She has, as we expressed it, "cut loose from radicalism." The other States exhibit the expected falling off in the radical majorities in some districts and a decided change to Conservativism in others; but they are still under the control of the dominant party. It is difficult to destroy this control all at once, inasmuch as the radicals handle all the machinery, and that which they cannot bend to their interest by fair means, they are pretty sure to do by foul ones. When it is remembered that in these elections the boasted colored element voted and gave its entire strength to the radical party, we are only the more surprised and gratified at the weakness which that party has exhibited.

Pennsylvania in the present Congress has but six anti-radical members; we have certainly gained six and perhaps eight more. The 16th, 17th, 18th, 21st and 24th Districts, heretofore radical, have now gone the other way. The radical candidate for Governor last year, had a majority of 4,596, and notwithstanding there were some 8,000 negro votes polled at this election, the majority on the popular vote [illegible] against the radicals. Our radical friends like to talk of "progress," and we think this is progress to some purpose.

In Ohio the anti-radicals have gained some three members,—perhaps the official returns will show us still better features. Schenck, in the 3d District, and Bingham, in the 16th District, have been defeated by the democrats. We have also gained the 4th and 14th Districts, heretofore radical. The first district is probably lost to us. The colored vote was perhaps 10,000 to 12,000 in the State, yet the radical majority on the popular vote has been materially reduced.

Indiana has been carried by the Conservatives by two or three thousand majority, gained two or more Congressmen, and the Legislature is ours in both branches, thus compelling Senator Morton to relinquish his appointment as Minister to England, or, in the event of his accepting it, ensuring the election of an anti-radical to the U. S. Senate in his place. The result in this State is a complete victory over the radicals, and though they are trying to muddle up things as much as they can, the light will shine through.

There will be no change in the representation from Iowa and Nebraska, though the successful party has lost much of its prestige by the falling away of its majorities.

So, after all their crowing, after all their self-glorification, it turns out that our radical friends have been virtually beaten and pretty badly beaten at that. It will be two or three weeks before they begin to confess their losses, and then they will gradually give way, "breaking it gently" to their friends. Enough is known to convince us that the radicals will not have anything like the majority in the next House of Representatives they have in the present one, and if they have any majority at all, it will be but a small one.

Our friends at the North have done well.

It seems that the colored cadet at West Point is having a hard time of it. Not long ago he preferred charges against some of his white brethren for ill-usage, and after the matter was investigated, was reprimanded for lying. Now he has managed to get himself court-martialed, as we see by a special order from the War Department, a Court Martial is to be held at West Point on the 20th inst., the immaculate Gen. O. O. Howard as President, before which James W. Smith, colored, and others, are to be tried. Offences not designated in the despatch. We suspect that if the matter were to be probed to the bottom, it would be found that the officers at West Point, with the full connivance of the administration, want to get rid of Smith. He has been kept there long enough to make a showing on the part of the government of its desire to do something for the colored race, and now charges are readily trumped up to dismiss him.

The President has been obliged to send troops into Alabama to suppress Kuklux there.—*Standard.*

Our cotemporary should not so persistently misrepresent the facts. Troops were sent to Alabama for the same reason they were sent to this State—to second the radical party in their endeavors to carry the election. After the election in Alabama, they will no doubt be withdrawn, as was the case here. The country pays heavy taxes to support the army, and does not like to see it employed for election purposes.

The Jefferson *Times* says: "If Western North Carolina went Conservative at the last August election, we have not found it out yet."

No doubt of it; we have generally noticed that it takes our radical cotemporaries a long while to find out the truth, and it is probably because they are never very assiduous in their search for it.

Let us have Peace.

It is to be regretted that a disposition is evinced on the part of several of our Conservative cotemporaries to twit each other with supposed short-comings, undervalue each other's efforts and influence, and indulge in an argument which serves no salutary purpose, and which, at this time, is singularly out of place. Our brethren should remember that there are moral, as well as political triumphs; and, though we have gained a great political victory over our opponents, these opponents, active, wary and unscrupulous, are ready at any moment to take advantage of what they may suppose to be a difference of opinion in our counsels. Let us now gain the moral victory over ourselves. It should be our part to heal, and not to irritate; to close up wounds, if any should unfortunately exist, by kindly treatment, and not rashly tear them open for the gratification of a little spleen and to the intense delight of our enemies. Ponder over the following sentence which we take from one of the letters of Thomas Jefferson, and let our brethren ask themselves if it is not the language of a statesman and a sage. It ought to be printed in characters of gold:

"I see too many proofs of the imperfection of human reason, to entertain wonder or intolerance at any difference of opinion, or even [illegible] in that difference as easily as in a difference of feature or form; experience having long taught me the *reasonableness of mutual sacrifices of opinion among those who are to act together for any common object*, and the expediency of doing what good we can, when we cannot do all we would wish."

The Asheville *Pioneer*, alluding to the employment of Kirk to overawe our citizens, and carry the counties of Alamance and Caswell in the interest of the radical party, says:

"If the Governor thought the emergency sufficient to justify the use of evil means to bring about good results, he can cite numerous instances in Sacred History where a Higher Power resorted to the same to attain the ends of justice, in justification of his action."

If it were not for the blasphemy involved in associating the Governor and Kirk with sacred things, we should consider the foregoing the most refreshing bit of writing we have read for some time. Comment is unnecessary.

The Jefferson *Times* imagines that we are "alarmed at the idea of forming a new State," out of portions of North Carolina, Virginia and Tennessee, advocated by that delectable sheet. The editor never shot wider of the mark in his life—no, not even when he started his little concern in the hope of boosting himself into the Legislature, and was rebuked into his original privacy by an overwhelming majority which ought to satisfy him for the remainder of his natural life that he had mistaken his mission. Why should we be "alarmed" at that which has not a single able advocate, and which is better calculated to excite ridicule than apprehension? We referred to the absurd idea of the *Times* simply as a loose feather floating in the political atmosphere, and then brushed it away, giving it no more thought than we would have bestowed upon any other witless project. The *Times* can rest content; we are not afraid that *it* will ever induce Western North Carolina to secede.

W. J. Yates, Esq., of the Charlotte *Democrat*, has been appointed by the County Commissioners of Mecklenburg, to represent the stock belonging to that county amounting to $360,000, in three different railroad companies. The appointment was without solicitation on the part of Mr. Yates, and he accepted it on condition that he was to be allowed to act as he thought best for the interests of the county, without being trammeled by instructions. Mr. Yates accepts no compensation for his services, not even travelling expenses, and his example stands out in bright relief in these days when the public can have little done in their behalf, without being called upon to foot a big bill in the premises.

The *Standard* defends the Governor for not having sent assistance to the citizens of Robeson county, in clearing out the gangs of outlaws with which that county is infested, on the plea that the Sheriff has not "asked for assistance." Probably the Sheriff thinks he has enough to do in looking after *one* gang of scamps, without gratuitously bringing another upon his hands. The *Standard's* defence is valid enough, for it is the duty of the Sheriffs to call for assistance if needed. But we would like to ask how it came that the Governor sent his "assistance" to the Sheriffs of Caswell and Alamance, when they didn't ask for it? It was his duty to wait for a call in these cases as well as in that one, wasn't it?

The Republicans of Wake county have nominated Hon. S. F. Phillips, for the lower House of the Legislature, in place of Henderson A. Hodge, deceased. It is probable that Mr. Phillips will be elected, though we hope for the success of his competitor, Mr. Dunn.

Catharina Friedhoff died in New Orleans on the 11th inst., while sitting in a dentist's chair, from the effects of chloroform which she had inhaled to deaden the pain consequent upon the pulling of a tooth.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE PRESS.]

THE STATE FAIR.

RALEIGH, Oct. 19th, 1870.

Dear Press:—There is a large attendance of our people at the State Fair, and the hotels and boarding houses of the city are thronged. I propose to furnish you with a brief statement of how things look here, and in so doing shall make especial mention of matters pertaining to your part of the State, of course not forgetting our friends elsewhere.

In the first place Mr. W. F. Shultz from Salem, is here with a large and fine display of cabinet furniture, together with a quantity of farm products, and last, but not least, interesting specimens of the "busy bee" from the apiary of Hunter & Shultz. His display is indeed creditable, and he will no doubt gain a few deserved premiums. His furniture especially is fine, strong, well put together, and as neat as any Northern work. It shows what Salem can turn out when she only half tries.

Mr. Holt, of Trywood, near Lexington, exhibits some fine cattle of the Durham breed, which deserves and will doubtless get a premium. He also exhibits Plaids and other goods from his factories on Haw River, which challenge attention.

In the Floral Hall, is exhibited some of the handiwork of the Salem ladies, which attracts much attention and admiration; and just here, let me mention that while these specimens were being put in their proper place, a Raleigh lady made use of a very complimentary expression regarding the ladies of Salem, which I withhold for fear of exciting their vanity.

Mr. Dixon of Thomasville, has a patent bellows, which [illegible] interest all the smiths on the ground. Mr. R. A. Jenkins of Salem, exhibits some handsome live stock, and a variety of other things which cannot but take premiums.

There is a large display of machinery from different parts of the State, and the various halls are well filled, but could hold still more.

The City of Raleigh presents a busy scene both day and night, and the Fair is bringing in a large amount of money to the merchants here. The celebrated Edwin Forrest is playing in Tucker Hall, every evening this week to crowded houses. On Monday night, he enacted the part of "Virginius," and last night, Sir Edward Lytton Bulwer's great character of "Richelieu."

The trial of speed came off yesterday; three purses, of $35, $45 and $20; distance one mile. A bay horse, Twist, entered by Mr. T. Paxton, made the first heat in 2:40½, and the second in 2:39½.

Immense crowds are still pouring into Raleigh from all quarters; the Hotels are filled to overflowing, the Yarborough especially having every nook and corner crammed. Just here, I would remind the travelling public that this is one of the best hotels in the South; its table is loaded with the best the land affords, and every day you can see wagons stopping laden with fresh provisions for the establishment from every part of this section. The House has been refurnished, its rooms handsomely carpeted, and are comfortable at all times. Dr. Blacknall is the prince of landlords, and gives his undivided attention to his guests; his servants are polite and attentive, and his clerks are gentlemen who do their best to please. Mr. Forrest and his dramatic troup are at the Yarborough, also Harry McCarthy, the Arkansas Comedian, who was so popular with our soldiers during the war.

As was to have been expected the pick-pockets have not failed to put in appearance, but they seem to confine most of attention to the ladies. I dare say no less than fifty ladies have had their pocket-books, watches, and other valuables stolen in the crowd.

Among the side shows here, we have a dwarf, 20 years old and only 30 inches in height; a fat girl of 15, weighing between 470 and 480 pounds; and a living skeleton from Prussia. Then we have an educated hog, and a great many dogs that ain't educated. It is surprising to see what a difference education makes even in a porker.

The Fair having so recently opened, I cannot give you a very satisfactory account of the matters here just yet. There will be to-day (Wednesday) a trial of speed and a plowing match in the forenoon; and in the afternoon, practice of horses and another race. When I get the points, I will write you.

TREBOR.

A disastrous hurricane occurred on the coast of Cuba last Friday night. It was very severe at Matanzas. An extraordinary rise of water inundated the space between the rivers where the railway depots are located. Depots, trains, passengers, houses and citizens disappeared. The loss of life is estimated at 2,000, while the loss of property is enormous.

Hon. Robert B. Gilliam, of Granville, Conservative member elect to the present Congress from the 4th District of this State, died at his residence in Oxford on last Monday evening, aged about sixty-six years. Judge Gilliam was well known to the people of the State, having filled several positions in public life, with credit to himself and usefulness to the community. He passes away at a time when his loss will be severely felt.

Hon. Robert Ridgway, Conservative member of Congress for the 5th Virginia District, and formerly the popular editor of the Richmond *Whig*, died on Sunday last, leaving behind him a host of sorrowing friends.

And thus it is that death wins from us our best-loved, casting a sorrow in our pathway, whose shadow will lengthen as it slowly fades through the busy years to come.

The pressure upon our columns has forced us to omit a great deal of matter prepared for this issue.

There seems to be no doubt of the fact that President Grant has accepted the resignation of Hon. Jacob D. Cox, Secretary of the Interior, to take effect on or about November 1st.

DEATH OF GENERAL LEE.

FULL PARTICULARS OF HIS LAST ILLNESS.

THE REMOTE AND IMMEDIATE CAUSES OF DEATH.

Demonstrations of Grief in Lexington.

The decease of this illustrious soldier caused a sensation throughout the country, second only to that other memorable event, five years ago, in which he bore so conspicuous a part. At his home, the grief was overwhelming.

[From the Richmond Dispatch.]

LEXINGTON, VA., VIA STAUNTON, }
October 13, 1870. }

This is a day of gloom and sadness here. The telegraph has announced the death of General ROBERT E. LEE. Since Tuesday noon it had been understood that the more favorable symptoms which he exhibited early in the morning had given place to more alarming ones than he had yet shown. Early this morning it was whispered through the community that he was fast sinking, and with beating hearts our people awaited the issue.

With the first peals of the tolling bells the news ran through the town, and all classes wept together as the word passed from lip to lip, "General LEE is dead." In a moment, and without any concert of action, every store, shop, or other place of business was closed. Even freedmen left their work, and all mingled in the common grief.

The exercises at the College and Institute were suspended, and every young man seemed to feel that he had sustained an irreparable personal bereavement. All of the small schools were closed, and the children wept as they realized that one of their best friends had gone from them.

Your correspondent has taken especial pains to obtain from his physicians (Drs. Barton and Madison) a full and accurate statement of Gen LEE's illness and death. The remote and real cause was the long continuance of depressing influences incident to the crushing responsibilities which were upon him during the last year of the war, the disastrous termination of the struggle for the cause he so dearly loved, and the afflictions of his native South since the surrender.

As he saw his little army gradually melt away before the countless hosts opposed to them, and compelled to yield at last to overwhelming numbers and resources; as he witnessed the sufferings of his "poor boys," as he was accustomed to call them, and thought of the condition of their families and of the South; as his mails have been every day since flooded with most piteous letters from maimed soldiers or from the widows and orphans of the noble men who followed him, he has borne a calm exterior, and struggled for the good of his State and the South with a heroism surpassing any which he ever displayed on the field of battle. But the very fibres of his great heart have been gradually wearing away until they have at last broken and the vital spark has fled. Both of his eminent physicians concur in the opinion that Gen. LEE has died rather from moral than physical causes; that his physical development was well nigh perfect, and that there was no merely physical reason why he might not have lived for years to come. The immediate cause of his death was, in the opinion of his physicians, "mental and physical fatigue, including venous congestion of the brain, which, however, never proceeded as far as apoplexy or paralysis, but gradually caused cerebral exhaustion and death."

On Wednesday, Sept. 28th, he was more than usually busy. After attending chapel service, as he always did, he spent the whole morning attending to various matters connected with the interests of the college. At 4 o'clock p. m. he went to a meeting of the vestry of his church, over which he presided. Matters of great importance to the interests of the church were under consideration, and the meeting was protracted for three hours. Returning home just in time for tea, he was sitting at the table with his family when he was suddenly attacked and became apparently speechless and incapable of motion. The next morning he rallied, and as there were no decisive indications of paralysis or apoplexy, it was hoped that the attack would prove nothing more serious than a temporary nervous prostration. All of the indications seemed favorable to his recovery until last Monday. He spoke but little, and that only in answer to questions concerning his physical condition.—But this showed that he had recovered the power of speech. His intellect seemed entirely clear, and he gave most unmistakable evidences that while he lay for the most part in a stupor, to which the medicines given him no doubt largely contributed, he was, when aroused, entirely conscious. He seemed so much better on Saturday, that Dr. Madison playfully said to him: "General, you must make haste and get up from this bed. 'Traveler' is getting lazy, and you must make haste and give him the exercise he needs.'" The General fixed his eyes steadily upon him and shook his head very emphatically, as if to indicate that he did not expect to ride "Traveler" again.

On Monday he became suddenly worse. At times his mind seemed for a little while to wander and on several occasions reverted to the army. He once ordered his tent to be struck, and at another time desired that Hill should be sent for; and despite the best efforts of as fine medical skill as the country affords, and the fervent prayers of anxious hearts, he gradually sunk until yesterday morning at 9½ o'clock, when he breathed his last.

The nature of his illness was such that there was no opportunity for protracted conversation with him, and he uttered no word which can be seized on for sensational report of his last hours. He was stricken at the post of duty. He fell with the harness on, and his calm, quiet death is a fit termination of his noble life. We need no "last words" of Robert E. Lee. His deeds belong to history, while his life of devoted, unostentatious piety, and his firm and living trust in Jesus as his personal Redeemer, give unmistakable evidence that he now wears a crown of fadeless glory, and has indeed entered upon that "Rest that remaineth for the people of God."

General ROBERT EDWARD LEE was born on the 19th of January, 1807, and was therefore 63 years, 8 months and 23 days old.

He married on the 30th of June, 1831. For years Mrs. LEE has been unable to walk, but has borne her affliction with a Christian fortitude and patience which wonderfully sustain her under her present sore bereavement.

Only General Custis Lee, Miss Agnes, and Miss Mildred have been at home during their father's illness. The other members of the family were telegraphed for on Monday, and are expected to-day or the next day. It has been, on conference with the family, determined to deposit the remains in a vault to be erected in the college library. It seems peculiarly appropriate that his body should rest near the office which was the scene of his labors and in the chapel which he built, and whose services he always attended so punctually.

In nearly all the chief cities and towns throughout the South stores were closed, business suspended, bells tolled and the insignia of mourning put on, as soon as the telegraph delivered the sad tidings.—The State Legislatures which were in session, Courts, &c., adjourned, and all, regardless of party and sectional feelings, joined in doing honor to the memory of the illustrious dead. In Indianapolis even, the capitol of Indiana, the stores were closed and dirges rung, as if they, as well as we, had lost a great man.

On Saturday, 15th inst., imposing funeral solemnities were held at Atlanta, Geo., and other places; and despatches from nearly every place of note in the South report the progress of preparations for appropriate obsequies.

On the 14th inst., the remains of the deceased were conveyed to the chapel of Washington College, where they were to lie in state until the hour of interment on Saturday at noon. The following was the order of procession:

1. Escort of Honor, consisting of officers and soldiers of the late Confederate army.
2. Chaplain and other clergy, pall-bearers with the body.
3. The old grey warhorse, which carried the General through all his campaigns in the late war.
4. Trustees and Faculty of Washington College.
5. Students, visitors, faculty, officers and cadets of the Virginia Military Institute.
6. Masons and Odd Fellows.

The citizen pall-bearers were Judge Anderson, David E. Mabry, senior trustee of Washington College; Ex-Governor Letcher, Commodore M. F. Maury, representing the Virginia Military Institute, Col. W. Preston Johnston and Hon. John Randolph Tucker for the Faculty of Washington College, W. L. Prather and Edward P. Clark, for the students.

Capt. J. C. Bondo and Capt. J. P. Moore for the soldiers of the C. S. A. Wm. J. White and Joseph G. Steele, for the citizens of Lexington.

The Legislature of Virginia, at the instance of the Governor, has asked that the remains of the dead hero be delivered to the State, for interment in Hollywood cemetery, and a suitable monument erected over them.

The Interment.

Intelligence from Lexington is to the effect that Gen. Lee was interred on Saturday in a vault built in the floor of Washington College. Every house in the town was draped in mourning. A large number of State officials, and distinguished persons from abroad were present and took part in the obsequies. Officers and soldiers of the Confederate army served as a guard of honor; they were attired in plain, black citizen's dress, with black ribbon attached to the lappel of the coat.

Rev. Dr. Pendleton, the long and intimate friend of Gen. Lee, his chief of artillery during the war, and his pastor for the past five years, read the solemn burial service of the Episcopal Church. No sermon was preached, and nothing said besides the simple service, in accordance with the well-known wishes of the dead.

During the entire obsequies minute guns were fired by the cadets of the Virginia Military Institute.

After the funeral services were concluded in the chapel, the body was removed to the vault prepared for its reception, and the concluding services read by the chaplain from the bank on the southern side of the Chapel, in front of the vault.

There was sung in the chapel the 124th hymn of the Episcopal collection; and after the coffin was lowered into the vault, the congregation sung with fine effect the grand old hymn,

"How firm a foundation, ye saints of the Lord."

The vault is constructed of brick, lined with cement. The top just reaches the floor of the library, and will be double-capped with white marble, on which is the simple inscription,

"ROBERT EDWARD LEE.

"Born January 19th, 1807. Died October 12th, 1870."

The burial case is one of Fisk's patent metallic caskets, handsomely mounted with silver and lined with white silk.

And thus has ended the funeral solemnities of one of the purest and most single hearted men on earth. Other nations may boast of their warriors and statesmen, their most nobly honored and their best beloved; but the South can never envy them so long as it is permitted her to cherish the names of Washington and Lee.

It is generally believed, says a dispatch from Washington, that the Government holds Gen. Lee's estate at Arlington Heights by virtue of the confiscation act, and if so, the property would now revert to Mrs. Lee. The estate was left by Mr. Custis to his daughter, Mrs. Lee, with a life interest, and at her death to Custis and Fitzhugh Lee, his grandsons. The taxes levied by the U. S. Government being unpaid during the war, it became the property of the United States by tax title, and is now held by that title. Efforts have been made to redeem it, but without avail.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

LOCAL AND STATE ITEMS.

TAX ON HOME-MADE WINES.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that a person may manufacture wine, exclusively from grapes, berries, or fruits of his own growth without being liable to pay special tax as manufacturer; and he may sell his product at the place of manufacture without being liable to pay special tax as liquor-dealer. When sold at any other than the place of manufacture the special tax of liquor-dealer shall be required.

That hair was split merely to embarrass the manufacturer. The wine can be made in a cellar or a back yard, but *there* it must be sold. It cannot be removed a few hundred yards up or down the street to the manufacturer's place of business, else the special tax comes in for selling.

THE MAILS.—Why is it that we get no mails on Monday mornings? The trains on the North Carolina and other railroads, continue to run on Sunday, and we do not exactly understand why the mails should have been discontinued on that day. Yet, we are informed that such is the fact. If the Sunday mails are to be permanently and generally discontinued, we shall not have a word to say, but shall consider it as an advance towards better principles by a government that needs them very much, but we don't like these spasmodic experiments. They throw everything, as the Scotch say, "out o' kelter."

During the past week an interesting series of meetings were held in the Presbyterian Church at Winston, Rev. J. Henry Smith conducting the services. Mr. Smith is an able and earnest pulpit orator, and his appeals to his congregation resulted in quite a number asking, "*what shall we do to be saved?*"

FIRE.—The dwelling house of P. A. Shermer, near Conrad's Store, in Yadkin county, was burnt last week, with contents. Loss about $600. Origin of the fire accidental.

COLORED REVIVAL.—There is an interesting quarterly meeting now progressing in the colored Methodist Church at Waughtown under the auspices of the pastor, Mr. Gray. Public worship is held day and night. The congregation in attendance is large and orderly, fully appreciating the solemnity of the occasion which brings them together. Their white friends, many of whom testify their respect by their presence, generously tendered the use of their large church to accommodate the numbers which the smaller church of the colored people was found insufficient to seat.

MASONIC.—At the recent regular meeting of East Bend Lodge, No. 269, A. Y. M., the following named members were elected officers for the ensuing year:

Rev. M. Baldwin, W. M.; E. T. Davis, S. W.; R. C. Poindexter, J. W.; A. Horn, Secretary; W. H. Miller, Treasurer; A. P. Smithermon, Tyler.

New Advertisements.

See Wilson & Brother's card. These gentlemen are general Produce Commission Merchants in Philadelphia, and are favorably known among business men.

Mr. Enelsly offers personal property for sale on the 29th inst., at his residence.

See Messrs. Patterson & Co's Fall and Winter Advertisement. Their stock of goods have been carefully selected. Give them a call.

MEMORIAL MEETINGS.—All around us our sorrowing people have been holding meetings and passing resolutions expressive of their grief at the blow which has fallen upon the land in the death of General Lee.

On Friday last, the citizens of Thomasville assembled for this purpose. Maj. Hambrick was called to the Chair, and Messrs. S. W. Howerton and John D. Payler, requested to act as Secretaries. Eloquent eulogies upon the dead hero were then pronounced by Rev. Dr. Reid, Revs. W. C. Wilson and C. C. Andrews, and John W. Thomas, Esq. Resolutions were also reported and adopted, suitable to the occasion.

On the same day, the people of Lexington gathered together in the Court House to mourn over the illustrious dead. Col. A. A. Hill was called to the Chair, and Capt. A. M. Rhine acted as Secretary. A Committee of prominent gentlemen, of which Gen. Leach was Chairman, was then appointed to prepare appropriate resolutions; after which Hon. J. M. Leach, T. C. Robbins, J. H. Wilborn and M. H. Pinnix, Esqs., and Rev. R. G. Barrett, addressed the assembled throng in language of eloquent pathos, depicting the grand scenes in the career of the Christian patriot and soldier, and mingling their tears with those which were falling in every corner of the Southern land.

CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS.

R. H. Kline, M. D., at the PHILADELPHIA CANCER INSTITUTE, 391 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and E. H. Green, M. D., Charlotte, N. C. are making the most remarkable cures of

Cancers, Tumors, Ulcers,

y new principles—*Cancer Antidotes*—that remove the largest Cancers and Tumors without an operation with the knife, without caustic, eating or burning medicines, and with but little pain.

NO OTHER TREATMENTS SHOULD EVER BE USED.

Dr. Kline will be with Dr. Green, Oct. 26. For particulars, send for a circular, call upon or address either of the above. 39-3m

Mr. L. Murray, of Alamance, who was hung by Burgen, visited the scene of his sufferings a few days since, accompanied by a photographic artist, with the view of going through a mock hanging, and having his picture taken while in that condition. He ascended the tree, fixed the noose around his neck, and then his foot slipped. Had it not been for the presence of mind of a friend who caught him in his arms as he fell, we might have had a real hanging case to record.

A man named Haywood Blakely has been convicted in Brunswick county of cruelty to animals, and sentenced to imprisonment for six months. That is right. Providence has given us dumb brutes for our use, and endowed them with a certain instinct to look up to us for food, shelter and protection. He who lifts a cruel hand against one of them is less than a brute himself, and needs to be tamed by severe discipline.

An unfortunate man, named Thomas Wallace, an idiot, who had been guilty of sundry thefts and attempts to burn, was shot and killed in Johnson county on the 11th inst., by some unknown person. To injure such a being was both cruel and criminal, no matter what he had done. He ought to have been confined. Even the savages of our Western forests are more humane than to lay a harsh hand upon one "whose mind has been touched by the Great Spirit."

The annual meeting of the stock-holders of the Western N. C. R. R., was held at Morganton on the 13th inst., and the following gentlemen elected as directors on their part for the ensuing year: Dr. J. C. McDowell, Col. Sam. McD. Tate, Judge A. S. Merriman, Ex-Gov. Z. B. Vance.

The salaries of the officers of the road were materially reduced, and an order adopted to run the passenger trains from Salisbury to Marion only three times a week.

The Wilmington *Journal* says that Maj H. M. Miller, formerly Express Agent in that city, afterwards a Radical aspirant for the position of Secretary and Treasurer of A. & N. C. Railroad, then local editor of the *Standard*, and latterly a Major in Holden's State Troops, has just been appointed a private on the Raleigh police force. Ah! what a fall was there, my countrymen.

We learn from the *Patriot* that Caswell county court adjourned after a session of a few days, owing to the fact that the documents in the offices had been so roughly handled by Kirk's men that they could not be got into shape in time, consequently most of the business had to lay over until next term.

Robeson county is still in turmoil. One L. T. McLaughlin has been caught, charged with complicity in the many recent outrages, and committed to jail in Lumberton. The citizens, while scouting through the woods, came across the body of Mark Sanderson, mulatto, completely riddled with balls. It is thought he was slain by the outlaws.

Upon receiving the news of Gen. Lee's death, Mayor Sloan of Greensboro issued his call, as requested by a meeting of citizens, urging merchants and others to close their respective places of business from 2 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, until night.

Rosa, an infant daughter of Mr. J. F. Barber, of Salisbury, died on the 11th inst., from the effects of an adult dose of morphine administered to her in the night in mistake for quinine. The afflicted parents did all they could to retrieve the error, but in vain.

Mr. J. H. Shore, of Surry county, was attacked by a highwayman a few days since in the vicinity of Judge Cloud's plantation, and ordered to dismount and surrender his valuables. Mr. T. dismounted, and, in doing so, drew a knife, with which he struck at his assailant, who became alarmed and fled.

Col. W. J. Hoke, of Lincolnton, was seized with giddiness in the streets of Columbia, S. C., on the 11th inst., and in a few minutes fell dead. His remains have been brought home. Col. Hoke filled conspicuous positions during the late war and had received a severe wound which never fully healed.

A sapient policeman in Wilmington, arrested a detective the other night, while the latter was "spotting" a couple of burglars. Result was that the burglars escaped.

George Dollar, a colored youth of fifteen, was convicted in Raleigh on the 12th inst., of an outrage upon a little white girl aged five, and sent to the Penitentiary for ten years.

Mr. Timothy R. Rose, of Edgecombe, accidentally shot his daughter a few days ago. The wound is not dangerous.

A company has been formed in Newbern for the purpose of manufacturing rock lime.

The census of Edgecombe county is 22,970; Caldwell, 8,448.

MARRIED,

In Winston, on Thursday the 13th inst., by T. T. Best, Esq., Mr. JULIUS CLODFELTER to Miss NANCY WILLIAMS.

In Guilford county, on the 11th inst., by Rev. J. Alexander, Mr. WILLIAM H. WEATHERLY to Miss NANNIE C. GILLESPIE.

In Surry county, on the 12th inst., by J. W. Jackson, Esq., Mr. WM. J. SATTERFIELD to Miss MOLLY W. MULLIN, all of that county.

In Surry county, on the 9th inst., by J. W. Jackson, Esq., Mr. JOB JACKSON to Miss NANCY NICHOLS, all of that county.

In Surry County on the 6th inst., by Rev. M. L. Wood, Mr. N. SLAUGHTER of Henry county Va., to Miss EDNEY E., daughter of G. W. Smith, of Surry.

DIED,

In this place, on Monday last, of dropsy, Mrs. MARY E. CROUSE, consort of Daniel Crouse, aged 29 years, 7 months and 18 days.

On Thursday morning, at the residence of John Tesh, in Davidson county, Mr. JACOB REICH, of the vicinity of Old Town, of paralysis.

In Wilkes county, on the 7th inst., of consumption, Mrs. LEMIRA A. LEWIS, wife of James M. Lewis, of Iredell, aged 44 years, and 4 days.

In Arkansas, on the 25th ult., Mrs. CELIA F. MEBANE, in the 67th year of her age, relict of Dr. John A. Mebane, formerly of Greensboro, N. C.

At Thomasville, N. C., on Sunday, the 9th inst., Mrs. JANE LONG, relict of the Rev. John Long.

THE WAR IN EUROPE.

Storming of Orleans—Prussians reported to be Retreating from Paris—A Series of Bloody Conflicts around the City—The French Fleet Preparing to Act on the Offensive.

OCT. 13.—The defeat of the French at Artenay has opened the way to Orleans to the Prussians. The revolution in Algiers against the French continues unchecked; the insurgents have gained some advantages, and bid the authorities defiance.

A despatch of this date from Versailles says:

Yesterday the French army of Loire were driven out of Orleans after a nine hours' fight. Orleans was subsequently stormed. The Prussians took upwards of 10,000 prisoners. Their own loss was small. The Bavarians participated in the engagement.

The Parisians are busily engaged casting cannon, making mitrailleurs and pontoons and are preparing a vast quantity of war material. The soldiers are anxiously awaiting the Prussian attack, and there is now perfect order.

The seat of the Italian Government will remain at Florence indefinitely, as engineers have decided that it will take two years to prepare Rome as the capital.

OCT. 14.—A London dispatch received from Tours this date states that the Prussians are in full retreat from Paris, and that the enthusiasm in Paris upon this unexpected event is indescribable.

The Prussians captured Breteuil, after a severe conflict.

The terrible artillery fire from Fort Mont Valerian has destroyed the Prussian works west of Paris. The Prussian engineers have been driven from Clamart and Meudon, and the French have recaptured Villejuif and Chatien. On the north the Prussians have been driven as far as Dunil and Bonneuil, five miles from the walls of Paris. The besieging lines around the city are expanding instead of contracting.

A special dispatch from the Hague says that great agitation prevails there upon the discovery that the King of Holland was about to declare war upon Prussia.

The activity of Marshal Bazaine continues undiminished. He is continually making sorties from before Metz, harassing the Prussians severely, and inflicting heavy losses upon them.

OCT. 15.—The Prussians have retired from Breteuil to Laon. The Prussian Minister to Belgium demands the punishment of the leading newspaper of that kingdom for its "partisanship and untruthfulness." The German liberals continue to protest against the imprisonment of their leader, Dr. Jacoby.

A Paris letter dated on the 11th inst., says that the Prussians are moving towards the South. The French are following them. Eleven wagons, containing fresh vegetables, were captured from the Prussians near Charenton.

It is said that peace negotiations are still progressing, but the people of Paris are determined to oppose any peace based upon a cession of territory.

The following is official: A reconnoisance to Laferte drove off the Prussian camp at Sondillon. The French attacked the Wurtemburg cavalry in the forest of Fontainebleau, killing many and capturing a vast amount of stores.

OCT. 16.—The French have driven the Prussians from Bay Neuf and Chatillon; the Prussians have destroyed the magnificent palace of St. Cloud, about one mile west of Paris.

London dispatches state that the French fleet is assembling off Dunkirk, and the lights and navigation of the Elbe are again being obstructed. The Prussians are very uneasy at this intelligence.

OCT. 17.—The Prussians have crossed the Loire at Orleans and are marching upon Tours, where the French provisional government is now established. The excitement is intense. The government property and archives are being hurried to places of security, and troops are being pushed forward towards Orleans. The citizens of Tours, who are able to escape, are rapidly leaving.

The Prussians have captured Soissons, with four thousand prisoners, and a considerable quantity of arms. The siege lasted four days, and was obstinately contested.

OCT. 18.—The Prussians are using the new railroad to Paris, which fell under their control by the capture of Soissons. No sorties have been made from Paris since the 31st ult., and it is believed the garrison is powerless for offensive movements. The bombardment has not yet commenced, but the French keep up an incessant fire from the forts upon the works of the besiegers.

At Rouen defensive measures are actively progressing. The fall of this city will involve the severance of all communication between the Northern and Western parts of France.

The Emperor of Japan has sent one of the imperial princes, with a party of officers, to the seat of war to take observations. This is the first step of the kind ever taken by that populous empire.

Garabaldi has been appointed to command the guerrilla forces in the Vosges mountains.

The Prussians have burnt the towns of Vauze and Eivry.

OCT. 19.—Another successful sortie from Paris is announced by which the Prussians lost 3,000 men.

The expected battle near Orleans has occurred. The French fled after six hours fighting, leaving the bridge over the Loire intact. The forces engaged were about equal.

A battle has taken place near Epinal, in which 3,000 Prussians defeated 8,000 French.

The Prussians are making heavy demands upon the country people for subsistance, under threats of destroying the towns.

The Prussian commander whose death was kept profoundly secret, turns out to be the Prince Royal, Frederick Charles, one of the most illustrious of the German generals. He died at Ferrieres of typhoid fever.

PATTERSON & CO'S COLUMN.

R. L. PATTERSON. H. W. FRIES.

FRESH ATTRACTIONS!

STOCK LARGER THAN EVER!

Second Full Purchase since July.

PATTERSON & CO,

Corner of Main & Bank Street,

SALEM, N. C.,

Offer an unrivaled assortment of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

AT EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES.

FARMERS who raise Tobacco,

FARMERS who raise Grain,

TRADESMEN, PROFESSIONAL MEN,

PEOPLE without trades or professions.

OLD MEN and YOUNG MEN,

OLD LADIES, and "last but not least,"

YOUNG LADIES,

are respectfully invited to a careful examinations of our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

DRY GOODS:

In addition to a full line of Prints, De Laines, Merinos, Flannels, &c., we offer the latest novelties in DRESS GOODS. In colors we have different styles, and in Black we offer

W. J. PEAKE & CO'S.

unequalled brands of Alpacas, and Mohairs.

Also a beautiful assortment of

SACK FLANNELS, both plaid and plain. WHITE and BROWN MUSLINS.

BED BLANKETS.

NOTIONS.

An increased stock. Our Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underskirts, and Fancy Goods of all kinds, have been selected with care, and will be found very desirable. Our Linen Handkerchiefs are a new and attractive style, and are imported expressly by the New York House of whom we buy.

LOOKING GLASSES.

Bevel and Arch Top.

DRUGS:

The usual assortment, including Perfumery, Soaps, Paints, Oils, Dyestuffs, Lamps, Chimneys, &c., &c. We keep constantly on hand the celebrated

GAME COCK WHITE LEAD.

GROCERIES.

We have a reputation on these goods which we are determined to maintain. Our Sugars, Coffees, Peas and Molasses, are in better stock than ever. We offer Sugars, Coffees, Cheese, &c., at very low prices by the package.

HARDWARE.

We have added many articles to this department, and hope to meet the wants of our customers. Prices reduced.

HOLLOW WARE:

The lightest and smoothest in market.

IRON AND STEEL

Of various kinds and sizes. We flatter ourselves that we have the fullest assortment in this section.

CROCKERY

in good supply, which we offer at reduced rates.

BOOTS & SHOES

Our Ladies' Sewed Work is manufactured expressly for us in Philadelphia, and cannot be excelled in beauty of finish, quality and durability of material. Anxious to give these goods a wide sale, we offer them at extremely low prices. Boots for Men, Youths and Boys. In pegged work we are kept constantly supplied with Shelly Bros. & Co's Thomasville Shoes, for Men, Boys, Women, Misses and Children. These shoes have an unequalled reputation.

HATS,

The latest and most desirable styles in Fur, Saxony and Wool.

GRINDSTONES;

Every Farmer should have a Grindstone. We have a large assortment of the best Bena Stones, which we are selling at the low price of 4 cents per pound.

STRAW CUTTERS:

The best in use. Any size ordered if not on hand.

Ploughs, Shellers, &c:

of Thompson's make. Home machines of long established reputation.

FRIES' GOODS:

Fries' "Jeans" are better and cheaper than any woolen goods offered in this market.—We sell by bolt or yard at Factory prices. FRIES' COTTON YARN IS THE BEST. Buy no other. We do not intend to be undersold on these goods.

We return our thanks to our many customers. We promise to use our best efforts to please them, and to keep a full stock for our rapidly growing trade.

PATTERSON & CO.

Salem, N. C., Oct. 21, 1870. 41.

THE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY

JENKINS & SKILES, Grocers and Confectioners.

SALEM, N. C., Oct. 21, 1870.

Provisions.		Provisions.	
Bacon	16½@18½	Chop	2½
Lard	18@20	Bran	1½
Beef	5@10	*Grain.*	
Veal	6@ 8	Wheat	95@1 00
Mutton	6@ 9	Corn, (new)	50@ 60
Butter	20@22	" (old)	90@1 00
Flour	3 @3½	Rye	95@1 00
Meal	2½ @3	Oats	45@ 50
		Peas	90@1 00

FRUIT.

Cherries, pitted, 17@20; Blackberries, 8@10
Peaches, paired, 10@15; Apples, 2@5
" ½ and ¼ 5@6

MISCELLANEOUS.—Beeswax, 28 @ 30; Honey, 10@12. Bones 50 cents per cwt; Hay, 45 @ 50 per cwt; Rags, white, 3½@4; Mixed, 3.

Danville Tobacco Market.

Oct. 20, 1870.

Lugs 6 to 8; Short Leaf 8½ to 9; Middling, 9½ to 10½; fair to very good dark, 11 to 14.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN WILSON. WM. WILSON.

WILSON & BROTHER,

GENERAL

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 56 NORTH WATER STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

CONSIGNMENTS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

REFER TO

H. Geiger & Co., No. 222 North Third Street.
Dupuy & Hubbard, No. 130 North Third Street.
Tenbrook & Brother, No. 3 South Water St.
James, Kent, Santee & Co., Nos. 235, 237, 239, 241 North Third Street.
Wanner, Kline & Co., Nos. 215 and 217 North Third Street.
Geo. S. Lovell, No. 40 North Fourth Street.
Oct. 21-3m.

PUBLIC SALE.

At my residence on Muddy Creek, near Mt. Tabor, on the 29th inst., I will offer for sale two good HORSES, two good COWS, seven HOGS, FARMING UTENSILS, HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, one STOVE, one large barn of fine TOBACCO.

☞ Terms Cash. DAVID ENELSLY.
Oct. 21, 1870-2t.

S. T. MICKEY'S

Fruit Farm & Nurseries

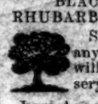
IS THE PLACE TO BUY

GRAPE VINES

BY the dozen, 100, 1,000 or 10,000. Also

FRUIT TREES,

STRAWBERRY, GOOSEBERRY, RASPBERRY, CURRANT, BLACKBERRY, ASPARAGUS, RHUBARB, and other plants in my line.



Should my customers wish any variety not on hand, I will order from reliable Nurserymen.

I am Agent for the Knox Fruit Farm and Nurseries. For further information see Knox's Descriptive and Illustrated Catalogue, which contains much valuable information on Small Fruit Culture, and will be sent to all applicants enclosing ten cents. I am also agent for the EUMELAN Grape, which is placed first on the list by many grape growers.

Send postage stamp for Catalogue.

☞ Send in your orders early.

☞ Plants and Vines not over four pounds weight, can be sent by mail.

S. T. MICKEY.
Salem, N. C., Oct 14, 1870 40-tf

Yadkin Valley Nursery.

THE PROPRIETOR OF this Nursery offers to the trade, this season, a large and splendid stock of

FRUIT TREES,

consisting of

APPLES, PEACH, PEAR, PLUM, CHERRY, APRICOT.

Also a fine lot of

GRAPE VINES, STRAWBERRY, and RASPBERRY

plants of the most approved kinds.

☞ Send for Catalogues and learn prices.

Address, A. E. CONRAD,
40-3m. Vienna, Forsyth Co., N. C.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

AS surviving Executor of C. D. Keehln, dec'd, I shall offer at public sale, between the hours of 12 o'clock, M., and 4 o'clock, P. M., on **Friday, October 28th,** next, the large two-story Brick Building and lot formerly occupied by the deceased, in the town of Salem, on a credit of six and twelve months. Also several Sofas, Piano, Bureaus, Desks and Ward-Robes, Chests, Bed-steads and Bedding, Household and Kitchen Furniture, with many other articles too tedious to mention.

Creditors are requested to bring in their claims; and all debtors to said estate are notified to settle immediately, as otherwise they will have to settle by law.

THEO. F. KEEHLN, Executor.
Salem, Sept. 28th, 1870.

A COMFORTABLE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE.

ON FRIDAY THE 28th DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, immediately after the selling of the House of Dr. C. D. Keehln, dec'd., which will probably take place about 1 o'clock, P. M., I will sell to the highest bidder that comfortable Brick Dwelling-House, situated on Church Street, hitherto occupied by the widow Anna Johannah Vogler, now deceased.

Conditions made known on day of Sale.

JOHN VOGLER, Executor of Christopher Vogler, dec'd.
Salem, N. C., October 7, 1870.

WILL BE SOLD!

ON SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22d, at the late residence of J. H. Lineback, dec'd., I will sell a lot of property, consisting in part of 23 stands Bees, (some of them very heavy;) a fine Lemon Tree, full of fruit; Stoves, Cupboards, Chests, Spinning and Twisting Wheels, Bureau, Tables, Bedsteads, a large Shoe Closet, with mesh front, Shoe Benches, a good assortment of Shoe-maker's Tools, Lasts, Leather, Leather Scraps, &c., &c.

Also the improvements on a piece of ground of about two acres, lying near the Factory Plank Road, containing a good apple orchard.

JULIUS A. LINEBACK,
Salem, Sept. 30, 1870-38-4w. Adm'r.

AGENTS Wanted for **BELDEN The White Chief**

Twelve Years among the Wild Indians of the Plains.

THE LIFE OF GEO. P. BELDEN, who, from a love of wild adventure and a desire to gain a knowledge of the ***Every Day Life*** and ***Peculiar Customs of the Indians,*** left a home of plenty in New Philadelphia, O., joined the Indians, adopted their mode of life, became a warrior of the "first-class," and chief of 900 lodges, served the Government with his braves against the hostile Indians, and as Lieutenant in the Regular Army, which position he but recently resigned to return to the wild life he so much loves. **70 ILLUSTRATIONS, 24 of them Full Page,** with ***Portrait*** of the ***Author,*** all engraved expressly for this work.—A most attractive book, abounding in thrilling adventure, and curious, useful and original information. Send for illustrated circular, with terms, table of contents, and sample pages.

C. F. VENT, Publisher,
Sept23.-37-4w. 5, College Place, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

FREE LOVE.

AND

ITS VOTARIES, by Dr. JNO. B. ELLIS. The most STARTLING book of modern times. The whole subject laid bare and its hideousness exposed to universal execration. WRITTEN IN THE INTERESTS OF CIVILIZATION, CHRISTIANITY AND PUBLIC MORALITY. Send for circulars and terms. U. S. Publishing Co., N. Y., Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis. Sept 23.-37-4w

The Magic Comb will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or brown. It contains *no poison.* Any one can use it. One sent by mail for $1. Address **MAGIC COMB CO.,** Springfield, Mass. 37-3m.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

A. H. STEPHENS

Great History of the War. Complete in one volume. Send for circulars, with terms and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. 39-4w

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

Containing "Fleetwood's Life of Christ," and "Lives of the Apostles, Evangelists and Martyrs," Doddridge's "Evidences of Christianity," "History of the Jews" by Josephus; "History of all Religious Denominations, with treatise and tables relating to events connected with Bible History, containing many fine engravings.—The whole forming a complete Treasury of Christian Knowledge.

W. FLINT, 27 S. SEVENTH ST. Phila. 39-4w

THEA-NECTAR. 4w

FARMER'S HELPER

Shows how to double the profits of the FARM, and how farmers and their sons can each make

$100 PER MONTH

In Winter. 10,000 Copies will be mailed free to Farmers. Send name and address to

ZIEGLER & McCURDY,
Philadelphia, Pa.—39-4w

$10 MADE FROM 50 Cts!

Something urgently needed by everybody.—Call and examine, or samples sent (postage paid) for 50 cents that retail easily for $10.

R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham sq., N. Y. 39-4w

WANTED Agents to sell Dr. Beard's Home Physician. The new handy book of Family Medicine. In Sickness it tells what to do and how to do it. Get it and save Money, Health and Life: also the Illustrated Farmer's and Mechanic's Book for workingmen of every occupation. 211 Engravings. E. B. Treat & Co., Publishers, 634 Broadway, N. Y. 39-4w

VINEGAR made from Cider, &c., in 10 hours without Drugs. Send 10 cents for Circular to F. SAGE, Cromwell, Conn. 93-4w

$60 A WEEK paid agents, male or female, in a new manufacturing business at home. No capital required. Address NAYLETT Co., Saco, Me. 39-4w

EMPLOYMENT!

We will employ Agents in every town and State to introduce our valuable Books, among which are *"Mark Twain's Innocents Abroad," "Beyond the Mississippi," "Overland Through Asia and China," Family Bible,* etc. Agents can sell our books with pleasure and honor to themselves and will be paid large commissions. All wishing to increase their income by honest means should send for our free explanatory circular. Our house is well known in all parts of the country. We refer to the press throughout the land. Address, AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Conn. 37-4w

GETTING UP CLUBS.

Great Saving to Consumers.

Parties enquire how to get up clubs. Our answer is, send for Price List, and a Club form will accompany it with full directions, making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to Club organizers.

The Great American Tea Co.

31 & 33 VESEY STREET,

P. O. Box 5643. NEW YORK. [37-3w

WANTED—AGENTS, (**$20 per day**) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the *under-feed,* makes the "*lock-stitch*" (alike on both sides,) and is *fully licensed.* The best and cheapest family SEWING MACHINE in the market. Address, JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston, Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. 37-3m

WANTED AGENTS—To sell the OCTAGON SEWING MACHINE. It is *licensed,* makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch" and is warranted for 5 years. Price $15. All other machines with an under-feed sold for $15 or less are infringements. Address OCTAGON SEWING MACHINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., Chicago, Ill., Pittsburg, Pa., or Boston, Mass. 37-3w

AGENTS WANTED—($225 *Per Month.*) by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass. St. Louis, Mo. 37 3m.

$10 A DAY—Business entirely new and honorable. Liberal inducements. Descriptive circulars free. Address J. C. RAND & CO., Biddeford, Me. 37-3w.

I WAS CURED OF DEAFNESS AND CATARRH by a simple remedy and will send the receipt free. Mrs. M. C. LEGGETT, Sept. 23-37-4w. Hoboken, N. J.

FORTUNES offered to live men. Rare Chance. Send Stamp. Diamond K. Co., Wilmington, Del. Sept. 23-37-3m.

$2,000 *per year* and expenses guaranteed to all ambitious men and women selling our world renowned patent *Silver Mould Wire Clothes Lines.* For full particulars address the GIRARD WIRE MILLS, Phil. Pa. 37-4w

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

LOCAL AND STATE ITEMS.

TAX ON HOME-MADE WINES.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that a person may manufacture wine, exclusively from grapes, berries, or fruits of his own growth without being liable to pay special tax as manufacturer; and he may sell his product at the place of manufacture without being liable to pay special tax as liquor-dealer. When sold at any other than the place of manufacture the special tax of liquor-dealer shall be required.

That hair was split merely to embarrass the manufacturer. The wine can be made in a cellar or a back yard, but *there* it must be sold. It cannot be removed a few hundred yards up or down the street to the manufacturer's place of business, else the special tax comes in for solling.

THE MAILS.—Why is it that we get no mails on Monday mornings? The trains on the North Carolina and other railroads, continue to run on Sunday, and we do not exactly understand why the mails should have been discontinued on that day. Yet, we are informed that such is the fact. If the Sunday mails are to be permanently and generally discontinued, we shall not have a word to say, but shall consider it as an advance towards better principles by a government that needs them very much, but we don't like these spasmodic experiments. They throw everything, as the Scotch say, "out o' kelter."

During the past week an interesting series of meetings were held in the Presbyterian Church at Winston, Rev. J. Henry Smith conducting the services. Mr. Smith is an able and earnest pulpit orator, and his appeals to his congregation resulted in quite a number asking, "*what shall we do to be saved?*"

FIRE.—The dwelling house of P. A. Shermer, near Conrad's Store, in Yadkin county, was burnt last week, with contents. Loss about $600. Origin of the fire accidental.

COLORED REVIVAL.—There is an interesting quarterly meeting now progressing in the colored Methodist Church at Waughtown under the auspices of the pastor, Mr. Gray. Public worship is held day and night. The congregation in attendance is large and orderly, fully appreciating the solemnity of the occasion which brings them together. Their white friends, many of whom testify their respect by their presence, generously tendered the use of their large church to accommodate the numbers which the smaller church of the colored people was found insufficient to seat.

MASONIC.—At the recent regular meeting of East Bend Lodge, No. 269, A. Y. M., the following named members were elected officers for the ensuing year:

Rev. M. Baldwin, W. M.; E. T. Davis, S. W.; R. C. Poindexter, J. W.; A. Horn, Secretary; W. H. Miller, Treasurer; A. P. Smithermon, Tyler.

New Advertisements.

See Wilson & Brother's card. These gentlemen are general Produce Commission Merchants in Philadelphia, and are favorably known among business men.

Mr. Eudsly offers personal property for sale on the 29th inst., at his residence.

See Messrs. Patterson & Co's Fall and Winter Advertisement. Their stock of goods have been carefully selected. Give them a call.

MEMORIAL MEETINGS.—All around us our sorrowing people have been holding meetings and passing resolutions expressive of their grief at the blow which has fallen upon the land in the death of General Lee.

On Friday last, the citizens of Thomasville assembled for this purpose. Maj. Hambrick was called to the Chair, and Messrs. S. W. Howerton and John D. Payler, requested to act as Secretaries. Eloquent eulogies upon the dead hero were then pronounced by Rev. Dr. Reid, Revs. W. C. Wilson and C. C. Andrews, and John W. Thomas, Esq. Resolutions were also reported and adopted, suitable to the occasion.

On the same day, the people of Lexington gathered together in the Court House to mourn over the illustrious dead. Col. A. A. Hill was called to the Chair, and Capt. A. M. Rhine acted as Secretary. A Committee of prominent gentlemen, of which Gen. Leach was Chairman, was then appointed to prepare appropriate resolutions; after which Hon. J. M. Leach, T. C. Robbins, J. H. Wilborn and M. H. Pinnix, Esqs., and Rev. R. G. Barrett, addressed the assembled throng in language of eloquent pathos, depicting the grand scenes in the career of the Christian patriot and soldier, and mingling their tears with those which were falling in every corner of the Southern land.

CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS.

R. H. Kline, M. D., at the PHILADELPHIA CANCER INSTITUTE, 391 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and E. H. Green, M. D., Charlotte, N. C. are making the most remarkable cures of

Cancers, Tumors, Ulcers,

by new principles—*Cancer Antidotes*—that remove the largest Cancers and Tumors without an operation with the knife, without caustic, eating or burning medicines, and with but little pain.

NO OTHER TREATMENTS SHOULD EVER BE USED.

Dr. Kline will be with Dr. Green, Oct. 26. For particulars, send for a circular, call upon or address either of the above. 39-3m

Mr. L. Murray, of Alamance, who was hung by Burgen, visited the scene of his sufferings a few days since, accompanied by a photographic artist, with the view of going through a mock hanging, and having his picture taken while in that condition. He ascended the tree, fixed the noose around his neck, and then his foot slipped. Had it not been for the presence of mind of a friend who caught him in his arms as he fell, we might have had a real hanging case to record.

A man named Haywood Blakely has been convicted in Brunswick county of cruelty to animals, and sentenced to imprisonment for six months. That is right. Providence has given us dumb brutes for our use, and endowed them with a certain instinct to look up to us for food, shelter and protection. He who lifts a cruel hand against one of them is less than a brute himself, and needs to be tamed by severe discipline.

An unfortunate man, named Thomas Wallace, an idiot, who had been guilty of sundry thefts and attempts to burn, was shot and killed in Johnson county on the 11th inst., by some unknown person. To injure such a being was both cruel and criminal, no matter what he had done. He ought to have been confined. Even the savages of our Western forests are more humane than to lay a harsh hand upon one "whose mind has been touched by the Great Spirit."

The annual meeting of the stock-holders of the Western N. C. R. R., was held at Morganton on the 13th inst., and the following gentlemen elected as directors on their part for the ensuing year: Dr. J. C. McDowell, Col. Sam. McD. Tate, Judge A. S. Merriman, Ex-Gov. Z. B. Vance.

The salaries of the officers of the road were materially reduced, and an order adopted to run the passenger trains from Salisbury to Marion only three times a week.

The Wilmington *Journal* says that Maj H. M. Miller, formerly Express Agent in that city, afterwards a Radical aspirant for the position of Secretary and Treasurer of A. & N. C. Railroad, then local editor of the *Standard*, and latterly a Major in Holden's State Troops, has just been appointed a private on the Raleigh police force. Ah! what a fall was there, my countrymen.

We learn from the *Patriot* that Caswell county court adjourned after a session of a few days, owing to the fact that the documents in the offices had been so roughly handled by Kirk's men that they could not be got into shape in time, consequently most of the business had to lay over until next term.

Robeson county is still in turmoil. One L. T. McLaughlin has been caught, charged with complicity in the many recent outrages, and committed to jail in Lumberton. The citizens, while scouting through the woods, came across the body of Mark Sanderson, mulatto, completely riddled with balls. It is thought he was slain by the outlaws.

Upon receiving the news of Gen. Lee's death, Mayor Sloan of Greensboro issued his call, as requested by a meeting of citizens, urging merchants and others to close their respective places of business from 2 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, until night.

Rosa, an infant daughter of Mr. J. F. Barber, of Salisbury, died on the 11th inst., from the effects of an adult dose of morphine administered to her in the night in mistake for quinine. The afflicted parents did all they could to retrieve the error, but in vain.

Mr. J. H. Shore, of Surry county, was attacked by a highwayman a few days since in the vicinity of Judge Cloud's plantation, and ordered to dismount and surrender his valuables. Mr. T. dismounted, and, in doing so, drew a knife, with which he struck at his assailant, who became alarmed and fled.

Col. W. J. Hoke, of Lincolnton, was seized with giddiness in the streets of Columbia, S. C., on the 11th inst., and in a few minutes fell dead. His remains have been brought home. Col. Hoke filled conspicuous positions during the late war and had received a severe wound which never fully healed.

A sapient policeman in Wilmington, arrested a detective the other night, while the latter was "spotting" a couple of burglars. Result was that the burglars escaped.

George Dollar, a colored youth of fifteen, was convicted in Raleigh on the 12th inst., of an outrage upon a little white girl aged five, and sent to the Penitentiary for ten years.

Mr. Timothy R. Rose, of Edgecombe, accidentally shot his daughter a few days ago. The wound is not dangerous.

A company has been formed in Newbern for the purpose of manufacturing rock lime.

The census of Edgecombe county is 22,970; Caldwell, 8,448.

MARRIED,

In Winston, on Thursday the 13th inst., by T. T. Best, Esq., Mr. JULIUS CLODFELTER to Miss NANCY WILLIAMS.

In Guilford county, on the 11th inst., by Rev. J. Alexander, Mr. WILLIAM H. WEATHERLY to Miss NANNIE C. GILLESPIE.

In Surry county, on the 12th inst., by J. W. Jackson, Esq., Mr. WM. J. SATTERFIELD to Miss MOLLY W. MULLIN, all of that county.

In Surry county, on the 9th inst., by J. W. Jackson, Esq., Mr. JOB JACKSON to Miss NANCY NICHOLS, all of that county.

In Surry County on the 6th inst., by Rev. M. L. Wood, Mr. N. SLAUGHTER of Henry county Va., to Miss EDNEY E., daughter of G. W. Smith, of Surry.

DIED,

In this place, on Monday last, of dropsy, Mrs. MARY E. CROUSE, consort of Daniel Crouse, aged 29 years, 7 months and 18 days.

On Thursday morning, at the residence of John Tesh, in Davidson county, Mr. JACOB REICH, of the vicinity of Old Town, of paralysis.

In Wilkes county, on the 7th inst., of consumption, Mrs. LEMIRA A. LEWIS, wife of James M. Lewis, of Iredell, aged 44 years, and 4 days.

In Arkansas, on the 25th ult., Mrs. CELIA F. MEBANE, in the 67th year of her age, relict of Dr. John A. Mebane, formerly of Greensboro, N. C.

At Thomasville, N. C., on Sunday, the 9th inst., Mrs. JANE LONG, relict of the Rev. John Long.

THE WAR IN EUROPE.

Storming of Orleans—Prussians reported to be Retreating from Paris—A Series of Bloody Conflicts around the City—The French Fleet Preparing to Act on the Offensive.

OCT. 13.—The defeat of the French at Artenay has opened the way to Orleans to the Prussians. The revolution in Algiers against the French continues unchecked; the insurgents have gained some advantages, and bid the authorities defiance.

A despatch of this date from Versailles says:

Yesterday the French army of Loire were driven out of Orleans after a nine hours' fight. Orleans was subsequently stormed. The Prussians took upwards of 10,000 prisoners. Their own loss was small. The Bavarians participated in the engagement.

The Parisians are busily engaged casting cannon, making mitrailleurs and pontoons and are preparing a vast quantity of war material. The soldiers are anxiously awaiting the Prussian attack, and there is now perfect order.

The seat of the Italian Government will remain at Florence indefinitely, as engineers have decided that it will take two years to prepare Rome as the capital.

OCT. 14.—A London dispatch received from Tours this date states that the Prussians are in full retreat from Paris, and that the enthusiasm in Paris upon this unexpected event is indescribable.

The Prussians captured Bretcuil, after a severe conflict.

The terrible artillery fire from Fort Mont Valerian has destroyed the Prussian works west of Paris. The Prussian engineers have been driven from Clamart and Meudon, and the French have recaptured Villejuif and Chalen. On the north the Prussians have been driven as far as Denil and Bonneuil, five miles from the walls of Paris. The besieging lines around the city are expanding instead of contracting.

A special dispatch from the Hague says that great agitation prevails there upon the discovery that the King of Holland was about to declare war upon Prussia.

The activity of Marshal Bazaine continues undiminished. He is continually making sorties from before Metz, harassing the Prussians severely, and inflicting heavy losses upon them.

OCT. 15.—The Prussians have retired from Brotouil to Laon. The Prussian Minister to Belgium demands the punishment of the leading newspaper of that kingdom for its "partisanship and untruthfulness." The German liberals continue to protest against the imprisonment of their leader, Dr. Jacoby.

A Paris letter dated on the 11th inst., says that the Prussians are moving towards the South. The French are following them. Eleven wagons, containing fresh vegetables, were captured from the Prussians near Charenton.

It is said that peace negotiations are still progressing, but the people of Paris are determined to oppose any peace based upon a cession of territory.

The following is official: A reconnoisance to Laferte drove off the Prussian camp at Sondillon. The French attacked the Wurtemburg cavalry in the forest of Fontainebleau, killing many and capturing a vast amount of stores.

OCT. 16.—The French have driven the Prussians from Bay Neuf and Chatillon; the Prussians have destroyed the magnificent palace of St. Cloud, about one mile west of Paris.

London dispatches state that the French fleet is assembling off Dunkirk, and the lights and navigation of the Elbe are again being obstructed. The Prussians are very uneasy at this intelligence.

OCT. 17.—The Prussians have crossed the Loire at Orleans and are marching upon Tours, where the French provisional government is now established. The excitement is intense. The government property and archives are being hurried to places of security, and troops are being pushed forward towards Orleans. The citizens of Tours, who are able to escape, are rapidly leaving.

The Prussians have captured Soissons, with four thousand prisoners, and a considerable quantity of arms. The siege lasted four days, and was obstinately contested.

OCT. 18.—The Prussians are using the new railroad to Paris, which fell under their control by the capture of Soissons. No sorties have been made from Paris since the 31st ult., and it is believed the garrison is powerless for offensive movements. The bombardment has not yet commenced, but the French keep up an incessant fire from the forts upon the works of the besiegers.

At Rouen defensive measures are actively progressing. The fall of this city will involve the severance of all communication between the Northern and Western parts of France.

The Emperor of Japan has sent one of the imperial princes, with a party of officers, to the seat of war to take observations. This is the first step of the kind ever taken by that populous empire.

Garabaldi has been appointed to command the guerrilla forces in the Vosges mountains.

The Prussians have burnt the towns of Vauze and Livry.

OCT. 19.—Another successful sortie from Paris is announced by which the Prussians lost 3,000 men.

The expected battle near Orleans has occurred. The French fled after six hours fighting, leaving the bridge over the Loire intact. The forces engaged were about equal.

A battle has taken place near Epinal, in which 3,000 Prussians defeated 8,000 French.

The Prussians are making heavy demands upon the country people for subsistance, under threats of destroying the towns.

The Prussian commander whose death was kept profoundly secret, turns out to be the Prince Royal, Frederick Charles, one of the most illustrious of the German generals. He died at Ferrieres of typhoid fever.

PATTERSON & CO'S COLUMN.

R. L. PATTERSON. H. W. FRIES.

FRESH ATTRACTIONS!

STOCK LARGER THAN EVER!

Second Full Purchase since July.

PATTERSON & CO,

Corner of Main & Bank Street,

SALEM, N. C.,

Offer an unrivaled assortment of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

AT EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES.

FARMERS who raise Tobacco,
FARMERS who raise Grain,
TRADESMEN, PROFESSIONAL MEN,
PEOPLE without trades or professions.
OLD MEN and YOUNG MEN,
OLD LADIES, and "last but not least,"
YOUNG LADIES,

are respectfully invited to a careful examinations of our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

DRY GOODS:

In addition to a full line of Prints, De Laines, Merinos, Flannels, &c., we offer the latest novelties in DRESS GOODS. In colors we have different styles, and in Black we offer

W. J. PEAKE & CO'S.

unequalled brands of Alpacas, and Mohairs.

Also a beautiful assortment of SACK FLANNELS, both plaid and plain. WHITE and BROWN MUSLINS.

BED BLANKETS.

NOTIONS.

An increased stock. Our Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underskirts, and Fancy Goods of all kinds, have been selected with care, and will be found very desirable. Our Linen Handkerchiefs are a new and attractive style, and are imported expressly by the New York House of whom we buy.

LOOKING GLASSES.

Bevel and Arch Top.

DRUGS:

The usual assortment, including Perfumery, Soaps, Paints, Oils, Dyestuffs, Lamps, Chimneys, &c., &c. We keep constantly on hand the celebrated

GAME COCK WHITE LEAD.

GROCERIES.

We have a reputation on these goods which we are determined to maintain. Our Sugars, Coffees, Peas and Molasses, are in better stock than ever. We offer Sugars, Coffees, Cheese, &c., at very low prices by the package.

HARDWARE.

We have added many articles to this department, and hope to meet the wants of our customers. Prices reduced.

HOLLOW WARE:

The lightest and smoothest in market.

IRON AND STEEL

Of various kinds and sizes. We flatter ourselves that we have the fullest assortment in this section.

CROCKERY

in good supply, which we offer at reduced rates.

BOOTS & SHOES

Our Ladies' Sewed Work is manufactured expressly for us in Philadelphia, and cannot be excelled in beauty of finish, quality and durability of material. Anxious to give these goods a wide sale, we offer them at extremely low prices. Boots for Men, Youths and Boys. In pegged work we are kept constantly supplied with Shelly Bros. & Co's Thomasville Shoes, for Men, Boys, Women, Misses and Children. These shoes have an unequalled reputation.

HATS.

The latest and most desirable styles in Fur, Saxony and Wool.

GRINDSTONES:

Every Farmer should have a Grindstone. We have a large assortment of the best Bena Stones, which we are selling at the low price of 4 cents per pound.

STRAW CUTTERS:

The best in use. Any size ordered if not on hand.

Ploughs, Shellers, &c:

of Thompson's make. Home machines of long established reputation.

FRIES' GOODS:

Fries' "Jeans" are better and cheaper than any woolen goods offered in this market.—We sell by bolt or yard at Factory prices. FRIES' COTTON YARN IS THE BEST. Buy no other. We do not intend to be undersold on these goods.

We return our thanks to our many customers. We promise to use our best efforts to please them, and to keep a full stock for our rapidly growing trade.

PATTERSON & CO.

Salem, N. C., Oct. 21, 1870. 41.

THE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY

JENKINS & SKILES, Grocers and Confectioners.

SALEM, N. C., Oct. 21, 1870.

Provisions.			Grain.	
Bacon	16½@18½	Chop		2½
Lard	18@20	Bran		1½
Beef	5@10	Wheat	95@1 00	
Veal	5@ 8	Corn, (new)	50@ 60	
Mutton	6@ 9	" (old)	90@1 00	
Butter	20@22	Rye	95@1 00	
Flour	3 (@3½	Oats	45@ 50	
Meal	2½@3	Peas	90@1 00	

FRUIT.

Cherries, pitted, 17@20; Blackberries, 8@10
Peaches, paired, 10@15; Apples, 2@5
" ½ and ¼ 5@6

MISCELLANEOUS.—Beeswax, 28 @ 30; Honey, 10@12. Bones 50 cents per cwt; Hay, 45 @ 50 per cwt; Rags, white, 3½@4; Mixed, 3.

Danville Tobacco Market.

Oct. 20, 1870.

Lugs 6 to 8; Short Leaf 8½ to 9; Middling, 9½ to 10½; fair to very good dark, 11 to 14.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN WILSON. WM. WILSON.

WILSON & BROTHER,

GENERAL

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 56 NORTH WATER STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

CONSIGNMENTS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

REFER TO

H. Geiger & Co., No. 222 North Third Street.
Dupuy & Hubbard, No. 130 North Third Street.
Tenbrook & Brother, No. 3 South Water St.
James, Kent, Santee & Co., Nos. 235, 237, 239, 241 North Third Street.
Wanner, Kline & Co., Nos. 215 and 217 North Third Street.
Geo. S. Lovell, No. 40 North Fourth Street.
Oct. 21-6m.

PUBLIC SALE.

At my residence on Muddy Creek, near Mt. Tabor, on the 29th inst., I will offer for sale two good HORSES, two good COWS, seven HOGS, FARMING UTENSILS, HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, one STOVE, one large barn of fine TOBACCO.

☞ Terms Cash. DAVID ENELSLY.
Oct. 21, 1870-2t.

S. T. MICKEY'S

Fruit Farm & Nurseries

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

GRAPE VINES

BY the dozen, 100, 1,000 or 10,000. Also

FRUIT TREES,

STRAWBERRY, GOOSEBERRY, RASPBERRY, CURRANT, BLACKBERRY, ASPARAGUS, RHUBARB, and other plants in my line.

Should my customers wish any variety not on hand, I will order from reliable Nurserymen.

I am Agent for the Knox Fruit Farm and Nurseries. For further information see Knox's Descriptive and Illustrated Catalogue, which contains much valuable information on Small Fruit Culture, and will be sent to all applicants enclosing ten cents. I am also agent for the EUMELAN Grape, which is placed first on the list by many grape growers.

Send postage stamp for Catalogue.

☞ Send in your orders early.

☞ Plants and Vines not over four pounds weight, can be sent by mail.

S. T. MICKEY.
Salem, N. C., Oct 14, 1870 40-tf

Yadkin Valley Nursery.

THE PROPRIETOR OF this Nursery offers to the trade, this season, a large and splendid stock of

FRUIT TREES,

consisting of

APPLES, PEACH, PEAR,
PLUM, CHERRY, APRICOT.

Also a fine lot of

GRAPE VINES, STRAWBERRY, and RASPBERRY

plants of the most approved kinds.

☞ Send for Catalogues and learn prices.

Address, A. E. CONRAD,
40-3m. Vienna, Forsyth Co., N. C.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

AS surviving Executor of C. D. Keehln, dec'd, I shall offer at public sale, between the hours of 12 o'clock, M., and 4 o'clock, P. M., on **Friday, October 28th,** next, the large two-story Brick Building and lot formerly occupied by the deceased, in the town of Salem, on a credit of six and twelve months. Also several Sofas, Piano, Bureaus, Desks and Ward-Robes, Chests, Bed-steads and Bedding, Household and Kitchen Furniture, with many other articles too tedious to mention.

Creditors are requested to bring in their claims; and all debtors to said estate are notified to settle immediately, as otherwise they will have to settle by law.

THEO. F. KEEHLN, Executor.
Salem, Sept. 28th, 1870.

A COMFORTABLE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE.

ON FRIDAY THE 28th DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, immediately after the selling of the House of Dr. C. D. Keehln, dec'd., which will probably take place about 1 o'clock, P. M., I will sell to the highest bidder that comfortable Brick Dwelling-House, situated on Church Street, hitherto occupied by the widow Anna Johannah Vogler, now deceased.

Conditions made known on day of Sale.

JOHN VOGLER, Executor of Christopher Vogler, dec'd.
Salem, N. C., October 7, 1870.

WILL BE SOLD!

ON SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22d, at the late residence of J. H. Lineback, dec'd., I will sell a lot of property, consisting in part of 23 stands Bees, (some of them very heavy;) a fine Lemon Tree, full of fruit; Stoves, Cupboards, Chests, Spinning and Twisting Wheels, Bureau, Tables, Bedsteads, a large Shoe Closet, with sash front, Shoe Benches, a good assortment of Shoe-maker's Tools, Lasts, Leather, Leather Scraps, &c., &c.

Also the improvements on a piece of ground of about two acres, lying near the Factory Plank Road, containing a good apple orchard.

JULIUS A. LINEBACK.
Salem, Sept. 30, 1870-38-4w. Ad'mr.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

Twelve Years among the Wild Indians of the Plains.

THE LIFE OF GEO. P. BELDEN, who, from a love of wild adventure and a desire to gain a knowledge of the *Every Day Life* and *Peculiar Customs of the Indians*, left a home of plenty in New Philadelphia, O., joined the Indians, adopted their mode of life, became a warrior of the "first-class," and chief of 100 lodges, served the Government with his braves against the hostile Indians, and as Lieutenant in the Regular Army, which position he but recently resigned to return to the wild life he so much loves. **70 ILLUSTRATIONS, 24 of them *Full Page*, with *Portrait* of the *Author*,** all engraved expressly for this work.—A most attractive book, abounding in thrilling adventure, and curious, useful and original information. Send for illustrated circular, with terms, table of contents, and sample pages.

C. F. VENT, Publisher,
Sept 23.-37-4w. 5, College Place, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

FREE LOVE.

AND

ITS VOTARIES, by DR. JNO. B. ELLIS. The most STARTLING book of modern times. The whole subject laid bare and its hideousness exposed to universal execration. WRITTEN IN THE INTERESTS OF CIVILIZATION, CHRISTIANITY AND PUBLIC MORALITY. Send for circulars and terms. U. S. Publishing Co., N. Y., Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis. Sept 23.-37-4w

The Magic Comb will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or brown. It contains *no poison*. Any one can use it. One sent by mail for $1. Address **MAGIC COMB CO.**, Springfield, Mass. 37-3m.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

A. H. STEPHENS

Great History of the War. Complete in one volume. Send for circulars, with terms and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. 39-4w

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

Containing "Fleetwood's *Life of Christ*," and "Lives of the Apostles, Evangelists and Martyrs" Doddridge's "Evidences of Christianity," "History of the Jews" by Josephus; "History of all Religious Denominations, with treatise and tables relating to events connected with Bible History, containing many fine engravings.—The whole forming a complete Treasury of Christian Knowledge.

W. FLINT, 27 S. SEVENTH ST. Phila. 39-4w

THEA-NECTAR. 4w

FARMER'S HELPER

Shows how to double the profits of the FARM, and how farmers and their sons can each make

$100 PER MONTH

In Winter. 10,000 Copies will be mailed free to Farmers. Send name and address to

ZIEGLER & McCURDY,
Philadelphia, Pa. 39-4w

$10 MADE FROM 50 Cts!

Something urgently needed by everybody.—Call and examine, or samples sent (postage paid) for 50 cents that retail easily for $10.

R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham sq., N. Y. 39-4w

WANTED Agents to sell *Dr. Heard's Home Physician*. The most handy book of Family Medicine. In sickness it tells what to do and how to do it. Get it and save Money, Health and Life: also the *Illustrated Farmer's* and Mechanic's Book for workingmen of every occupation. 211 Engravings. E. B. Treat & Co. Publishers, 634 Broadway, N. Y. 39-4w

VINEGAR made from Cider, &c., is 10 hours without Drugs. Send 10 cents for Circular to F. SAGE, Cromwell, Conn. 93-4w

$60 A WEEK paid agents, male or female, in a new manufacturing business at home. No capital required. Address NOVELTY Co., Saco, Me. 39-4w

EMPLOYMENT!

We will employ Agents in every town and State to introduce our valuable books, among which are *"Mark Twain's Innocents Abroad," "Beyond the Mississippi," "Overland Through Asia and China," Family Bible*, etc. Agents can sell our books with pleasure and honor to themselves and will be paid large commissions. All wishing to increase their income by honest means should send for our free explanatory circular. Our house is well known in all parts of the country. We refer to the press throughout the land. Address, AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Conn 37-4w

GETTING UP CLUBS.

Great Saving to Consumers.

Parties enquire how to get up clubs. Our answer is, send for Price List, and a Club form will accompany it with full directions, making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to Club organizers.

The Great American Tea Co.

31 & 33 VESEY STREET,

P. O. Box 5643. NEW YORK. 37-3w

WANTED—AGENTS, (**$20 *per day***) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the *under-feed*, makes the "*lock-stitch*" (alike on both sides,) and is *fully licensed*. The best and cheapest family SEWING MACHINE in the market. Address, JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston, Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. 37-3m

WANTED AGENTS—To sell the OCTAGON SEWING MACHINE. It is *licensed*, makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch" and is warranted for 5 years. Price $15. All other machines with an under-feed sold for $15 or less are infringements. Address OCTAGON SEWING MACHINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., Chicago, Ill., Pittsburg, Pa., or Boston, Mass. 37-3m

AGENTS WANTED! ($225 *Per Month.*) by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., BOSTON, MASS. ST. LOUIS, MO. 37-3m.

$10 A DAY—Business entirely new and honorable. Liberal inducements. Descriptive circulars free. Address J. C. RAND & CO., Biddeford, Me. 37-3w.

I WAS CURED OF DEAFNESS AND CATARRH by a simple remedy and will send the receipt free. Mrs. M. C. LEGGETT, Sept. 23-37-4w. Hoboken, N. J.

FORTUNES offered to live men Rare Chance. Send Stamp. Diamond K. Co., Wilmington, Del. Sept. 23-37-3m.

$2,000 *per year* and expenses guaranteed to all ambitious men and women selling our world renowned patent *Silver Mouled Wire Clothes Lines*. For full particulars address the GIRARD WIRE MILLS, Phila. Pa. 37-4w

Post Office Directory.

Mail Arrangements.

Office hours, Sunday, from 8½ to 9½ A. M. and from 2 to 3, P. M.

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Arrives daily by 8, A. M. Closes daily at 2, P. M.

MOUNT AIRY MAIL.

Arrives Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, by 1, P. M. Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12 M.

REIDSVILLE MAIL.

Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 6 P. M. Closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.

WALNUT COVE MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 7 P. M. Closes every Friday, at 4 P. M.

GREENSBORO MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 3 P. M. Closes every Friday, at 6 A. M.

JONESVILLE MAIL.

Arrives every Friday, by 12 M. Closes every Friday, at 12½ P. M.

PANTHER CREEK MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday by 8 P. M. Closes every Saturday at 6 A. M.

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Arrives every Saturday by 7 P. M. Closes every Friday at 8 A. M.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISEMENTS.

SIXTY-FIVE FIRST PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED.

THE GREAT

Southern Piano MANUFACTORY.

WM. KNABE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANO FORTES,

BALTIMORE, MD.

These Instruments have been before the Public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon their excellence alone attained *an unpurchased preeminence*, which pronounces them unequalled.

THEIR TONE

combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of Intonation and Sweetness throughout the entire scale.

THEIR TOUCH

is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos.

IN WORKMANSHIP

they are unequalled, using none but the very best SEASONED MATERIAL, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber &c., on hand.

☞ All our SQUARE PIANOS have our New Improved *Overstrung Scale* and AGRAFFE TREBLE.

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Salem, N. C., July 28, 1870. 29-tf.

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(Patent Granted.)

THIS is the name of a new machine for the purpose of removing all the fodder, boots or husks, mildew, and all filth from the Sorghum-Cane stalk, in about one-fifth the time and with half the trouble and fatigue that is required to pull the fodder off by hand.

When the boots or husks are *all* removed from the Sorghum-cane it will not only make *purer* and *better* molasses, but will yield at least ten per cent more sap, which quantity, it has been ascertained, the boots will absorb when crushed with the stalk.

When using the Cane Cleaner, you have only to cut your cane with fodder and seed all on, haul it in the shade and then work at ease, either sitting or standing, as you prefer.

One man, with an Eagle Cane Cleaner, can easily clean the cane as fast as an iron mill will grind it.

Price of Cleaners, Three Dollars each. A liberal discount to the trade.

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State of North Carolina, } ORIG'L
FORSYTH COUNTY. } Con't

Henry W. Fries, Assignee
vs.
Mary A. Keehln, Francis E. Keehln and Adelaide Keehln, heirs at law of L. W. Keehln, dec'd.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, by affidavit, that a cause of action exists against the defendants above named, in favor of the plaintiff, H. W. Fries, and that said defendants are not residents of this State, but reside in the county of Bartholemew, State of Indiana; and it further appearing that summons were issued in this case against the said defendants returnable before the Judge of our Superior Court, to be held for the County of Forsyth, at the Court-house in Winston, on the 8th Monday after the 2nd Monday of September, 1870, which were ordered to be served on the defendants by publication for six successive weeks, in the *People's Press*, a newspaper published in Salem, N. C.—And let the said defendants take notice that if they fail to answer the complaint which is filed in my office, during said term, the plaintiff will take judgement against them for the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, ($250 00) with interest thereon from Feb. 17, 1857; and the further sum of $60,00, with interest from June the 8th, 1868, together with costs of action;—And let the defendants further take notice that the said plaintiff hath obtained a warrant of attachment in said case a ainst the property of said defendants for the sums above mentioned due the plaintiff; which warrant of attachment is returnable before the undersigned, Clerk of said Court, at his office in Winston, on the 10th day of October, 1870, when and where further proceedings will be taken in said attachment.

Given under my hand, at office, in Winston, Forsyth County, N. C., August 19th, 1870.

JOHN BLACKBURN,
Clerk of Superior Court, Forsyth County.

August 26, 1870. 33-6w.

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MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

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